

**SIGN PLACEMENT TGS ONLY.....
MUST BE USED IN CONJUNCTION
with TGS LP 0828 r003
SIGNS ON TGS LP 0828 r003 are
to be superseded by this TGS signs.**

**BCC DS
RECEIVED
12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
A007020953**

WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken

<p>T: 07 3868 3526 F: 07 3268 3166 A: 34 Nudgee Road, Hamilton, Qld 4007</p>	Client: John Holland Name: Dan Baldwin Activity: Senior Project Engineer Street: Stage 1 Cross Street 1: Eagle Street Cross Street 2: Creek Street Suburb: Felix Street Posted Speed: Brisbane CBD 40 Kph	Term of Works: Long Term Travelled Path: Past Available Width: Fixed to Road Width Control Type: SIGNS PLACEMENT TC Numbers: As required Date Drawn: 24 /01/2023	NOTE TO SWEEP PATH: Path is indicative only of predicted movement If required an RPEQ assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action.	TGS Number: LP 0828 r003-b
	Drawn By: Reno Certeza Sign:		NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.	

WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken



T: 07 3868 3525
F: 07 3268 3166
A: 34 Nudgee Road, Hamilton, Qld 4007

Client:	John Holland	Term of Works:	Long Term
Name:	Michelle Zuvich	Travelled Path:	Past
Activity:	Senior Project Engineer	Available Width:	Fixed to Road Width
Street:	Hold and Release	Control Type:	
Cross Street 1:	Eagle Street		Hold and Release
Cross Street 2:	Creek Street		Signs
Suburb:	Felix Street		Traffic Controllers
Posted Speed:	Brisbane CBD	TC Numbers:	As required
	40 Kph	Date Drawn:	20 June 2023

NOTE TO SWEEP PATH:
Path is indicative only of predicted movement if required an RPEQ assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action.

Drawn By: Rene Certeza Sign:

TMD OP0404
NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.

TGS Number:
LP 1221

N

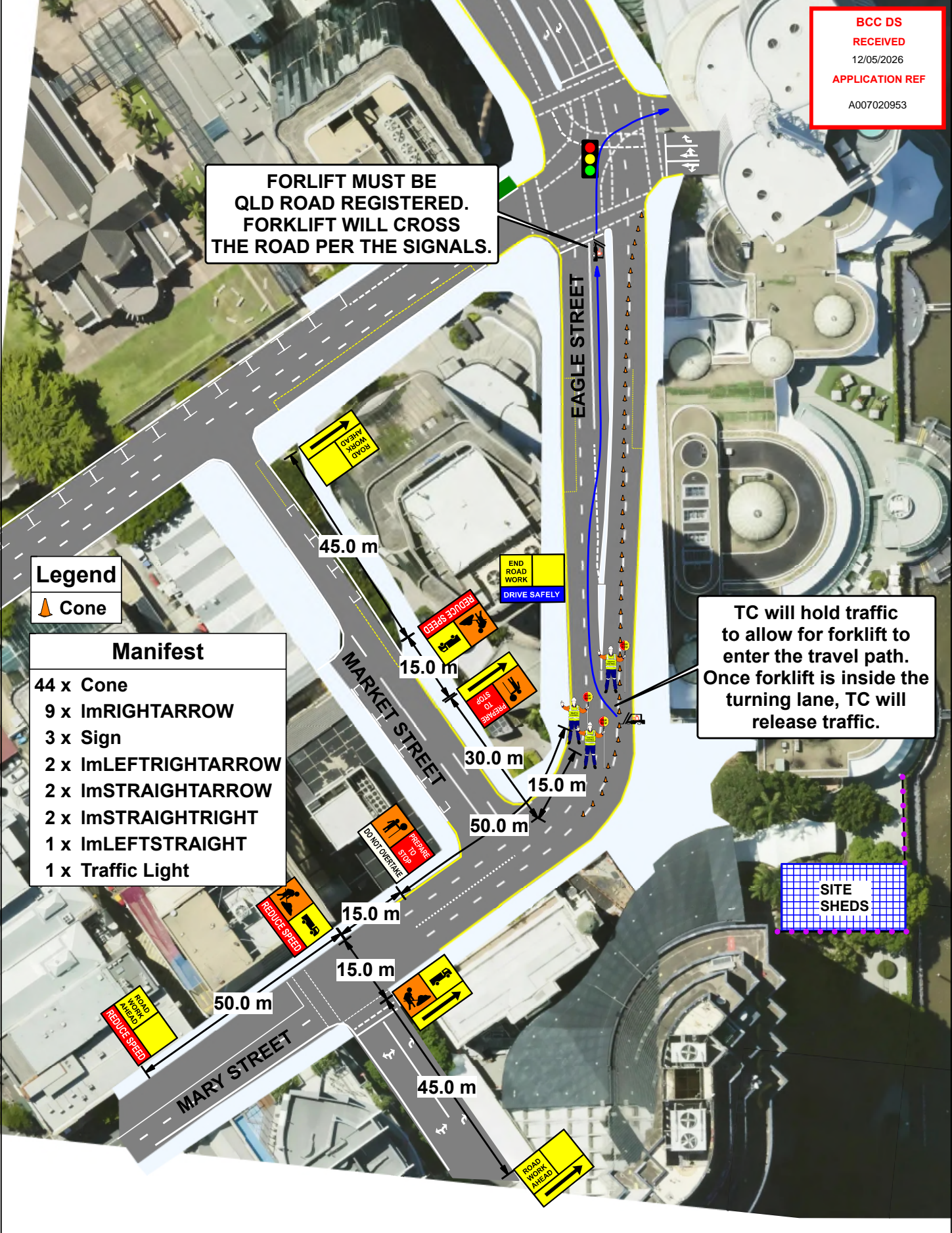
BCC DS RECEIVED
12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
A007020953

FORLIFT MUST BE QLD ROAD REGISTERED. FORKLIFT WILL CROSS THE ROAD PER THE SIGNALS.

TC will hold traffic to allow for forklift to enter the travel path. Once forklift is inside the turning lane, TC will release traffic.

Legend
 Cone

Manifest
44 x Cone
9 x 1mRIGHTARROW
3 x Sign
2 x 1mLEFTRIGHTARROW
2 x 1mSTRAIGHTARROW
2 x 1mSTRAIGHTRIGHT
1 x 1mLEFTSTRAIGHT
1 x Traffic Light



Risk Classification Tables

QUALITATIVE MEASURES OF CONSEQUENCE OR IMPACT

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

Level	Consequence	Description
1	Insignificant	Mid-block hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to or less than the allowable lane capacity No impact to the performance of the network. Affected intersection leg operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of A or B. No property damage.
2	Minor	Mid-block hourly traffic flow per lane is greater than the allowable road capacity and less than 110% of the allowable road capacity. Minor impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of C. Minor property damage.
3	Moderate	Midblock hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to and greater than 110% and less than 135% of allowable road capacity. Moderate impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of D. Moderate property damage.
4	Major	Midblock hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to and greater than 135% and less then170% of allowable road capacity. Major impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of E. Major property damage.
5	Catastrophic	Midblock hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to and greater than 170% of allowable road capacity. Unacceptable impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of F. Total property damage.

OSH QUALITATIVE MEASURES OF CONSEQUENCE OR IMPACT

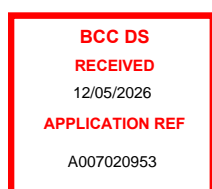
Level	Consequence	Description
1	Insignificant	No treatment required
2	Minor	First aid treatment required.
3	Moderate	Medical treatment required or Lost Time Injury
4	Major	Single fatality or major injuries or severe permanent disablement
5	Catastrophic	Multiple fatalities.

QUALITATIVE MEASURES OF LIKELIHOOD

Level	Likelihood	Description
A	Almost certain	The event or hazard: is expected to occur in most circumstances, will probably occur with a frequency in excess of 10 times per year.
B	Likely	The event or hazard: Will probably occur in most circumstances, will probably occur with a frequency of between 1 and 10 times per year.
C	Possible	The event or hazard: might occur at some time, will probably occur with a frequency of 0.1 to 1 times per year (i.e. once in 1 to 10 years).
D	Unlikely	The event or hazard: could occur at some time, will probably occur with a frequency of 0.02 to 0.1 times per year (i.e. once in 10 to 50 years).
E	Rare	The event or hazard: may occur only in exceptional circumstances, will probably occur with a frequency of less than 0.02 times per year (i.e. less than once in 50 years).

IMPORTANT NOTE: The likelihood of an event or hazard occurring shall first be assessed over the duration of the activity (i.e. “period of exposure”). For risk assessment purposes the assessed likelihood shall then be proportioned for a “period of exposure” of one year.

Example: An activity has a duration of 6 weeks (i.e. “period of exposure” = 6 weeks). The event or hazard being considered is assessed as likely to occur once every 20 times the activity occurs (i.e. likelihood or frequency = 1 event/20 times activity occurs = 0.05 times per activity). Assessed annual likelihood or frequency = 0.05 times per activity x 52 weeks/6 weeks = 0.4 times per year. Assessed likelihood = Possible.

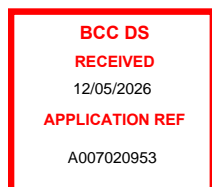


QUALITATIVE RISK ANALYSIS MATRIX – RISK RATING

Likelihood	Consequence				
	Insignificant (1)	Minor (2)	Moderate (3)	Major (4)	Catastrophic (5)
Almost certain (A)	Low 5	High 10	High 15	Very High 20	Very High 25
Likely (B)	Low 4	Medium 8	High 12	Very High 16	Very High 20
Possible (C)	Low 3	Low 6	Medium 9	High 12	High 15
Unlikely (D)	Low 2	Low 4	Low 6	Medium 8	High 10
Rare (E)	Low 1	Low 2	Low 3	Low 4	Medium 7

MANAGEMENT APPROACH FOR RESIDUAL RISK RATING

Residual Risk Rating	Required Treatment
Very High	Unacceptable risk. HOLD POINT . Work cannot proceed until risk has been reduced.
High	High priority, OSH MR and TMD must review the risk assessment and approve the treatment and endorse the TGS prior to its implementation.
Medium	Medium Risk, standard traffic control and work practices subject to review by accredited TMD personnel prior to implementation.
Low	Managed in accordance with the approved management procedures and traffic control practices.



Risk Register

Generic Risk Register

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR
	Workers may be hit by drivers during set-up of the signs and devices	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Use vehicles with 2 beacons to ensure drivers are aware of the activity & take care	D	4	M8
	Drivers may enter the worksite at a higher speed than is safe putting workers at risk	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Restrict worksite speeds to acceptable levels as per the standards	D	4	M8
	Traffic Controllers may become fatigued putting traffic and workers at risk due to lack of attention	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Ensure Traffic Controllers are given 15 minute break every two hours	E	4	L4
	Traffic may not see the Taper on higher speed roads with high traffic volumes (metro) regardless of the speed of the road	Causing injury to Driver	C	4	H12	Use 700mm cones and a Flashing Arrow Board on high volume roads with a High traffic volume	E	4	L4
	Drivers may not see speed signs if on one side of the road only and may not reduce speed putting workers at risk	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Place any speed sign used to change the speed of a road on both sides of the road Code of Practice for Works On Road	E	4	L4
	Traffic Managers may install insufficient signs or devices to meet the standards for the specific worksite.	Cause driver confusion and injury to worker	D	4	M8	All sites to have a traffic management plan that is relevant to the works and meets the standards	E	4	L4

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

Specific Risk Register

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR
	Car park egress vehicles may impact with vehicle on the traveling path.	Damage to property Minor first aid.	D	2	L4	Spotter in place to advise driver that it is safe to proceed, this is after notification from the TC.	E	2	L2
	Lighting Tower Contact with Power lines	Electrocution	D	4	M8	Install lighting tower 6 meters away from power lines.	D	4	M8
	Pedestrian/Cyclist Contact with vehicles within the Safety buffer while trying to cross the road	Injury to Pedestrians or Cyclist	D	4	M8	Traffic Controller to assist Pedestrian by either stopping traffic or stopping pedestrians.	E	4	L4

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR
	Drivers hitting other cars or swerving onto private property	Motorist can hit the cones and swerve into another lane that can result in a nose to nose contact with oncoming traffic or private property	C	3	M9	Extend buffer to bypass the intersection and continue the buffer on the approach to the intersection.	D	4	M8

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953



BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

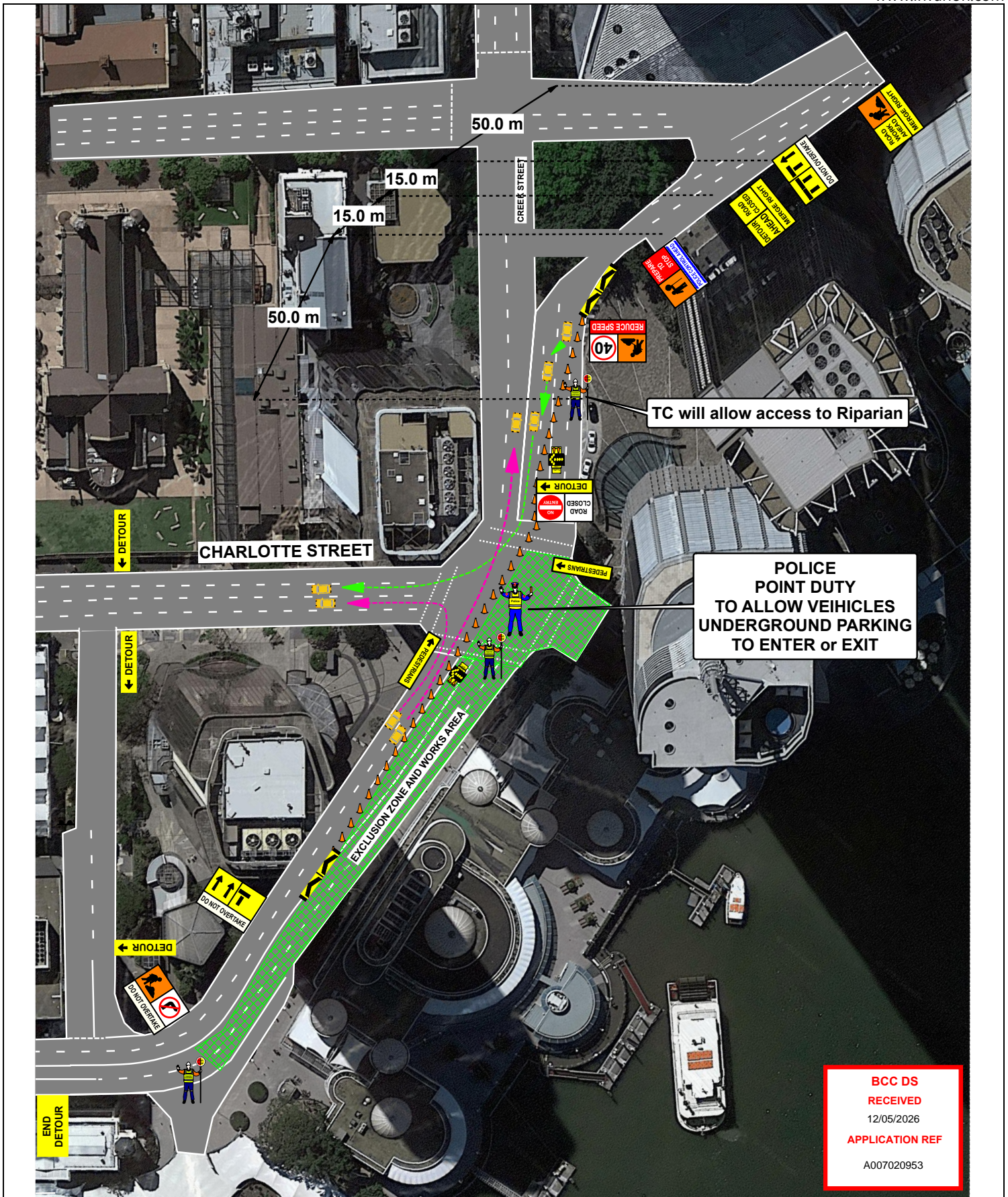
Traffic Engineering Australia

Ph: 07 3133 3968 E: Design@TrafficEngineeringAustralia.com.au

TMR Registration number: 0254



Table 5.3 Spacing of traffic cones, bollards and post-mounted delineators				Table 5.7: Recommended taper length				Table 6.1: Delineation adjacent to excavations						
Purpose and usage	Speed (km/h)	Recommended maximum spacing (m)	Legend	Speed (km/h)	Recommended taper length (m)			Speed (km/h)	Traffic volume (vpd)*	Clearance to excavation (m)	Protection required			
					Traffic control taper	Lateral shift	Merge taper				Depth of excavation (mm)			
For traffic cones and bollards**											50 to 250	251 to 500	>500	
Carparks, shoulder and verges for required sight distance to traffic control devices	All speeds	2		≤ 45	15	5	15	≤ 65	Any	<2.5	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	TRSB	
All purposes	≤ 55	4		46 - 55	15	15	30			2.5 - 5	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	
	56 - 75	12		56 - 65	30	30	60			>5	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	
	≥ 76	18		66 - 75*	N/A	70	115	> 70	≤ 1500	<5	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	TRSB	
Protecting freshly painted lines	56 - 75	24		76 - 85*	N/A	80	130			>5	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	
	≥ 76	60		86 - 95*	N/A	90	145			<6	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	TRSB	
Centreline on approach to a traffic controller position	All speeds	4		96 - 105*	N/A	100	160	> 1500		<6	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	TRSB	
Crossover for contraflow (e.g. through the median)	All speeds	2		≥ 106*	N/A	110	180			>6	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	
Taper at traffic control station	All speeds	4		*Taper lengths are based on a: >3.5 m width of the lane to be closed >lateral shift taper length equal to 1.0 m/s lateral shift >merge taper length equal to 0.6 m/s lateral shift >median speed for each range. For example, speed range 76 - 85 has a median speed of 80 km/h				*For multilane roads use volume in one direction. For two-lane, two-way roads use the sum of both directions. Any variations to these recommendations in this table need to be supported by a risk assessment.						
For post-mounted delineators				Table 5.5: Length of temporary speed zone				Table 2.2 : Sign Spacing						
All purposes	≤ 75	24		Temporary speed limit (km/h)	Length of zone (m)	Conditions			Speed (km/h)		Distance (m)			
	≥ 76	60		≤ 40	100 - 200	>high level of hazard for workers on foot			≤ 55		15			
**Consider whether cyclists are using the road shoulder or bike lane and whether an appropriate alternative facility be provided before installing traffic cones or bollards in the area. Where possible, place bollards to maintain a safe cycling facility.				40	100 (minimum) - 500 maximum	>workers on foot within 1.2 m of traffic with no physical barrier >structural danger to bridges			56 - 65		45			
Table 2.5 Minimum lane width				60	150 (minimum)	>workers on foot or small plant within 3 m of traffic with no physical barrier (i.e. road safety barrier) >on approach to the traffic controller or PTCB >reduced visibility (e.g. dust or smoke) >reduced standard alignment >degraded pavement surface >newly laid bituminous seal			> 66		Equal to the speed (km/h)			
Criteria	Lane width (m)		Legend	Signs shall be positioned a distance equal to that shown in Table 2.2 from the worksite or hazard (e.g. taper). Space successive signs (after primary sign) the same distance as shown in Table 2.2 unless stated otherwise. If there is only a single advance warning sign on the approach, the sign shall be positioned at double the spacing show in Table 2.2 from the worksite or hazard.										
General Lane widths				Table 3.2, 4.5, 5.9 : Placement of termination signs										
≤ 60 km/h	3			80	500 (minimum)	>Workers on foot or plant within 3 - 6 m of traffic with no physical barrier >disturbance to alignment or pavement surface			Speed (km/h)		Distance (m)			
> 60 km/h	3.5			80 (buffer)	300 (minimum)	>for advance warning of a 40 or 60 km/h when speed is 100 km/h or more			<55		15			
Curve with radius 100 – 250 m	Curve widening 0.5 per lane		TBA	Table 2.3: Recommended sight distances to a traffic control device										
Curve with radius < 100 m	Consider swept path of long vehicles (e.g. buses, trams)		TBA	Speed (km/h)		Distance (m)			56 - 65		45			
Approach lane is < 3 m wide	Equal to approach lane			40		50			> 66		Equal to the speed (km/h)			
Two-way residential street	5.5 (sum both ways)			50		70			Table 2.3: Prepare to STOP/Traffic Controller (symbolic) sign position from end of traffic queue					
Shuttle flow with active control	3.5			60		90			Speed (km/h)		Distance (m)			
Shuttle flow operation				70 and over		Two times the speed (km/h)			≤ 40		50			
Shuttle flow on residential streets				Maximum 3.5					46 - 55		70			
Table 4.5 & 5.2 Edge clearance				Recommended sight distances measured to a traffic control device from the driver of an approaching vehicle, in relation to speed is shown in Table 2.3.										
Speed (km/h)	Distance (m)		Legend	In addition to the consideration for sight distance for vehicles, sight distance shall be also be considered to access points in or out of the worksite to pedestrian or cyclist paths to prevent a conflict.										
For traffic cones, bollards, longitudinal channelising barricades or any other delineation device				Figure 2.3: Appropriate sight distance to a traffic control device				In addition to the consideration for sight distance for vehicles, sight distance shall be also be considered to access points in or out of the worksite to pedestrian or cyclist paths to prevent a conflict.						
≤ 65	0.3*													
> 66	0.5													
For post-mounted reflectors, temporary hazard markers				Links to recourses										
All speeds	1			https://austroads.com.au/network-operations/temporary-traffic-management/guide https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/business-industry/Technical-standards-publications/Manual-of-uniform-traffic-control-devices https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/business-industry/Technical-standards-publications/Temporary-Traffic-Management https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/business-industry/Technical-standards-publications/Queensland-Guide-to-Temporary-Traffic-Management https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/-/media/busind/techstdpubs/Specifications-and-drawings/Specifications/1-Overarching-Specifications/MRTS02.pdf?la=en https://www.standards.org.au/standards-catalogue/sa-snz/transportandlogistic/ms-012/as--1742-dot-3-colon-2019 https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/_data/assets/pdf_file/0018/22158/traffic-management-construction-cop-2008.pdf										
For kerbed edges of traffic lanes														
All speeds	0.3 - 0.5 (behind the face of kerb)													
For delineation adjacent to excavations see Table 6.1														
For plastic mesh fencing (e.g. temporary pedestrian pathways) see Section 7. signs and devices in the TMP														
* Use this distance when delineating the path. If devices are being used to reduce speeds, as with traffic cones, the offset distance can be reduced to 0 m				Note: This is an example for a 60km/h scenario										



WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken



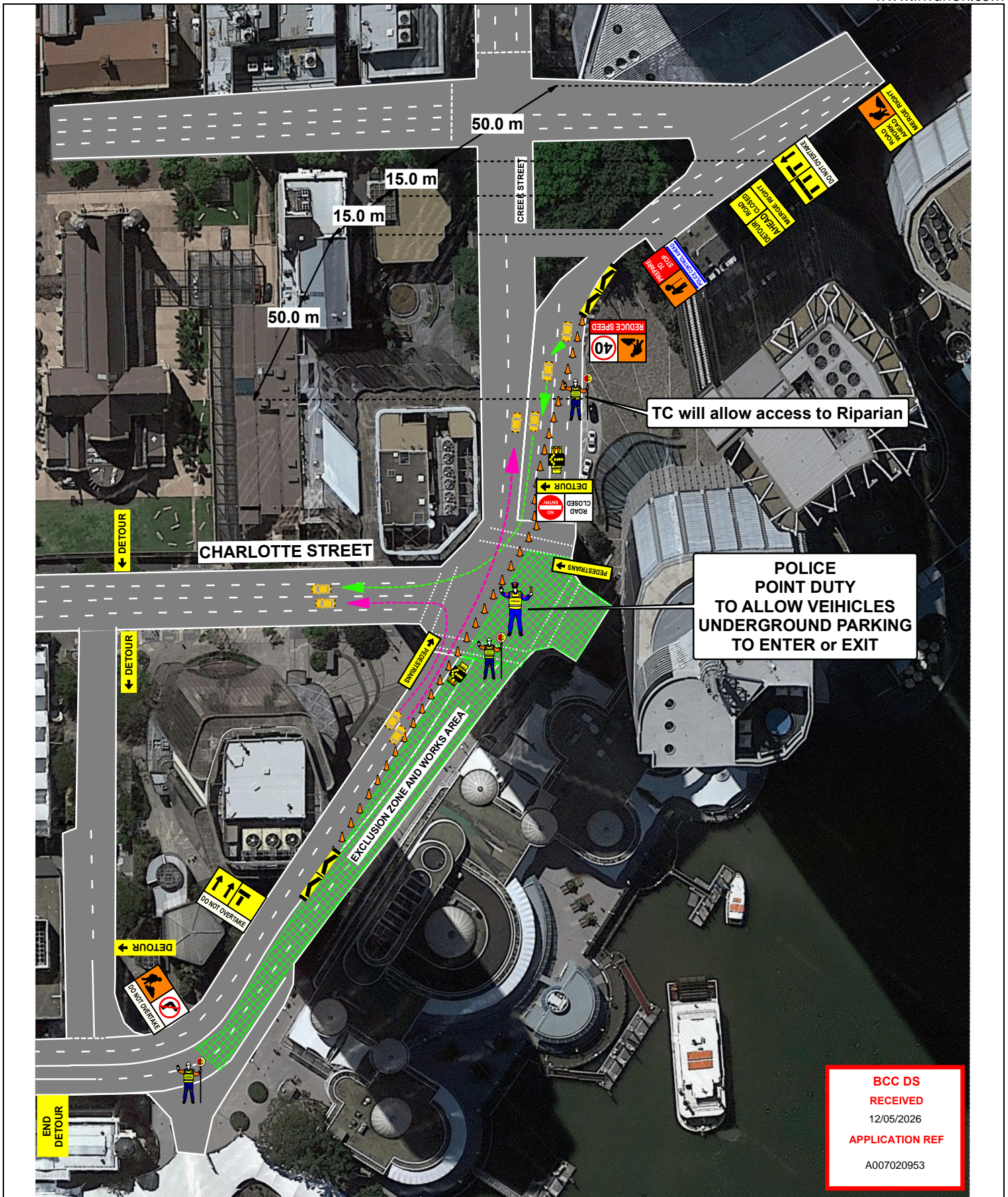
Client:	John Holland	Term of Works:	SHORT TERM
Name:	Michell Zuvich	Travelled Path:	Around
Activity:	Senior Project Engineer	Available Width:	Fixed to Road Width
Street:	Eagle Street	Control Type:	SIGNS PLACEMENT
Cross Street 1:	Creek Street		TC CONTROL
Cross Street 2:	Felix Street		POLICE CONTROL
Suburb:	Brisbane CBD	TC Numbers:	As required
Posted Speed:	40 Kph	Date Drawn:	24 /05/2023

NOTE TO SWEEP PATH:
 Path is indicative only of predicted movement if required an RPEQ assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action.

Drawn By: Rene Corteza
 TMD OP0404
 Sign: *[Signature]*

NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.

TGS Number:
LP 1243



WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken



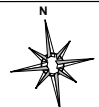
T: 07 3868 3525
F: 07 3268 3166
A: 34 Nudgee Road, Hamilton, Qld 4007

Client:	John Holland	Term of Works:	SHORT TERM
Name:	Michell Zuvich	Travelled Path:	Around
	Senior Project Engineer	Available Width:	Fixed to Road Width
Activity:	LANE CLOSURE	Control Type:	SIGNS PLACEMENT TC CONTROL POLICE CONTROL
Street:	Eagle Street		
Cross Street 1:	Creek Street		
Cross Street 2:	Felix Street		
Suburb:	Brisbane CBD	TC Numbers:	As required
Posted Speed:	40 Kph	Date Drawn:	24 /05/2023

NOTE TO SWEEP PATH:
Path is indicative only of predicted movement
if required an RPEQ assessment can be
completed to verify plant and machinery action.

Drawn By: Rene Corteza
TMD OP0404
Sign: *[Signature]*

TGS Number:
LP 1243



NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.

Risk Classification Tables

QUALITATIVE MEASURES OF CONSEQUENCE OR IMPACT

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

Level	Consequence	Description
1	Insignificant	Mid-block hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to or less than the allowable lane capacity No impact to the performance of the network. Affected intersection leg operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of A or B. No property damage.
2	Minor	Mid-block hourly traffic flow per lane is greater than the allowable road capacity and less than 110% of the allowable road capacity. Minor impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of C. Minor property damage.
3	Moderate	Midblock hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to and greater than 110% and less than 135% of allowable road capacity. Moderate impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of D. Moderate property damage.
4	Major	Midblock hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to and greater than 135% and less then 170% of allowable road capacity. Major impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of E. Major property damage.
5	Catastrophic	Midblock hourly traffic flow per lane is equal to and greater than 170% of allowable road capacity. Unacceptable impact to the performance of the network. Intersection performance operates at a Level of Service (LoS) of F. Total property damage.

OSH QUALITATIVE MEASURES OF CONSEQUENCE OR IMPACT

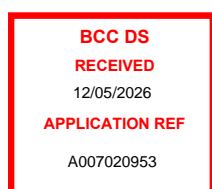
Level	Consequence	Description
1	Insignificant	No treatment required
2	Minor	First aid treatment required.
3	Moderate	Medical treatment required or Lost Time Injury
4	Major	Single fatality or major injuries or severe permanent disablement
5	Catastrophic	Multiple fatalities.

QUALITATIVE MEASURES OF LIKELIHOOD

Level	Likelihood	Description
A	Almost certain	The event or hazard: is expected to occur in most circumstances, will probably occur with a frequency in excess of 10 times per year.
B	Likely	The event or hazard: Will probably occur in most circumstances, will probably occur with a frequency of between 1 and 10 times per year.
C	Possible	The event or hazard: might occur at some time, will probably occur with a frequency of 0.1 to 1 times per year (i.e. once in 1 to 10 years).
D	Unlikely	The event or hazard: could occur at some time, will probably occur with a frequency of 0.02 to 0.1 times per year (i.e. once in 10 to 50 years).
E	Rare	The event or hazard: may occur only in exceptional circumstances, will probably occur with a frequency of less than 0.02 times per year (i.e. less than once in 50 years).

IMPORTANT NOTE: The likelihood of an event or hazard occurring shall first be assessed over the duration of the activity (i.e. “period of exposure”). For risk assessment purposes the assessed likelihood shall then be proportioned for a “period of exposure” of one year.

Example: An activity has a duration of 6 weeks (i.e. “period of exposure” = 6 weeks). The event or hazard being considered is assessed as likely to occur once every 20 times the activity occurs (i.e. likelihood or frequency = 1 event/20 times activity occurs = 0.05 times per activity). Assessed annual likelihood or frequency = 0.05 times per activity x 52 weeks/6 weeks = 0.4 times per year. Assessed likelihood = Possible.

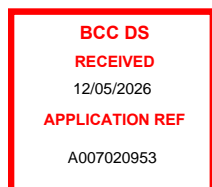


QUALITATIVE RISK ANALYSIS MATRIX – RISK RATING

Likelihood	Consequence				
	Insignificant (1)	Minor (2)	Moderate (3)	Major (4)	Catastrophic (5)
Almost certain (A)	Low 5	High 10	High 15	Very High 20	Very High 25
Likely (B)	Low 4	Medium 8	High 12	Very High 16	Very High 20
Possible (C)	Low 3	Low 6	Medium 9	High 12	High 15
Unlikely (D)	Low 2	Low 4	Low 6	Medium 8	High 10
Rare (E)	Low 1	Low 2	Low 3	Low 4	Medium 7

MANAGEMENT APPROACH FOR RESIDUAL RISK RATING

Residual Risk Rating	Required Treatment
Very High	Unacceptable risk. HOLD POINT . Work cannot proceed until risk has been reduced.
High	High priority, OSH MR and TMD must review the risk assessment and approve the treatment and endorse the TGS prior to its implementation.
Medium	Medium Risk, standard traffic control and work practices subject to review by accredited TMD personnel prior to implementation.
Low	Managed in accordance with the approved management procedures and traffic control practices.



Risk Register

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

Generic Risk Register

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR
	Workers may be hit by drivers during set-up of the signs and devices	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Use vehicles with 2 beacons to ensure drivers are aware of the activity & take care	D	4	M8
	Drivers may enter the worksite at a higher speed than is safe putting workers at risk	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Restrict worksite speeds to acceptable levels as per the standards	D	4	M8
	Traffic Controllers may become fatigued putting traffic and workers at risk due to lack of attention	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Ensure Traffic Controllers are given 15 minute break every two hours	E	4	L4
	Traffic may not see the Taper on higher speed roads with high traffic volumes (metro) regardless of the speed of the road	Causing injury to Driver	C	4	H12	Use 700mm cones and a Flashing Arrow Board on high volume roads with a High traffic volume	E	4	L4
	Drivers may not see speed signs if on one side of the road only and may not reduce speed putting workers at risk	Causing injury to worker	C	4	H12	Place any speed sign used to change the speed of a road on both sides of the road Code of Practice for Works On Road	E	4	L4
	Traffic Managers may install insufficient signs or devices to meet the standards for the specific worksite.	Cause driver confusion and injury to worker	D	4	M8	All sites to have a traffic management plan that is relevant to the works and meets the standards	E	4	L4

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

Specific Risk Register

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR
	Car park egress vehicles may impact with vehicle on the traveling path.	Damage to property Minor first aid.	D	2	L4	Spotter in place to advise driver that it is safe to proceed, this is after notification from the TC.	E	2	L2
	Lighting Tower Contact with Power lines	Electrocution	D	4	M8	Install lighting tower 6 meters away from power lines.	D	4	M8
	Pedestrian/Cyclist Contact with vehicles within the Safety buffer while trying to cross the road	Injury to Pedestrians or Cyclist	D	4	M8	Traffic Controller to assist Pedestrian by either stopping traffic or stopping pedestrians.	E	4	L4

Item	Risk Event	Consequence	Pre – treatment Risk			Treatment	Residual Risk		
			L	C	RR		L	C	RR
	Drivers hitting other cars or swerving onto private property	Motorist can hit the cones and swerve into another lane that can result in a nose to nose contact with oncoming traffic or private property	C	3	M9	Extend buffer to bypass the intersection and continue the buffer on the approach to the intersection.	D	4	M8

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953



BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

Traffic Engineering Australia

Ph: 07 3133 3968 E: Design@TrafficEngineeringAustralia.com.au

TMR Registration number: 0254



Purpose and usage	Speed (km/h)	Recommended maximum spacing (m)	Legend
For traffic cones and bollards**			
Carparks, shoulder and verges for required sight distance to traffic control devices	All speeds	2	
All purposes	≤ 55	4	
	56 - 75	12	
	≥ 76	18	
Protecting freshly painted lines	56 - 75	24	
	≥ 76	60	
Centreline on approach to a traffic controller position	All speeds	4	
Crossover for contraflow (e.g. through the median)	All speeds	2	
Taper at traffic control station	All speeds	4	
For post-mounted delineators			
All purposes	≤ 75	24	
	≥ 76	60	

**Consider whether cyclists are using the road shoulder or bike lane and whether an appropriate alternative facility be provided before installing traffic cones or bollards in the area. Where possible, place bollards to maintain a safe cycling facility.

Criteria	Lane width (m)	Legend
General Lane widths		
≤ 60 km/h	3	
> 60 km/h	3.5	
Curve with radius 100 – 250 m	Curve widening 0.5 per lane	TBA
Curve with radius < 100 m	Consider swept path of long vehicles (e.g. buses, trams)	TBA
Approach lane is < 3 m wide	Equal to approach lane	
Two-way residential street	5.5 (sum both ways)	
Shuttle flow with active control	3.5	
Shuttle flow operation		
Shuttle flow on residential streets	Maximum 3.5	

Speed (km/h)	Distance (m)	Legend
For traffic cones, bollards, longitudinal channelising barricades or any other delineation device		
≤ 65	0.3*	
> 66	0.5	
For post-mounted reflectors, temporary hazard markers		
All speeds	1	
For kerbed edges of traffic lanes		
All speeds	0.3 - 0.5 (behind the face of kerb)	
For delineation adjacent to excavations see Table 6.1		
For plastic mesh fencing (e.g. temporary pedestrian pathways) see Section 7. signs and devices in the TMP		

* Use this distance when delineating the path. If devices are being used to reduce speeds, as with traffic cones, the offset distance can be reduced to 0 m

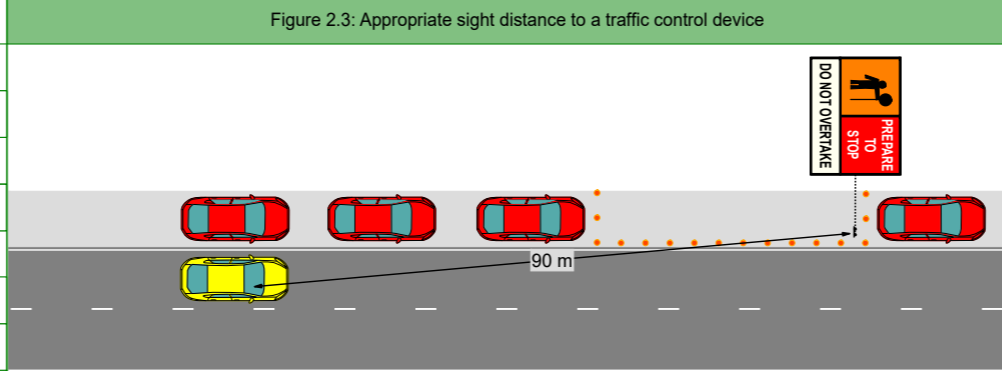
Speed (km/h)	Recommended taper length (m)		
	Traffic control taper	Lateral shift	Merge taper
≤ 45	15	5	15
46 - 55	15	15	30
56 - 65	30	30	60
66 - 75*	N/A	70	115
76 - 85*	N/A	80	130
86 - 95*	N/A	90	145
96 - 105*	N/A	100	160
≥ 106*	N/A	110	180

*Taper lengths are based on a:
 >3.5 m width of the lane to be closed
 >lateral shift taper length equal to 1.0 m/s lateral shift
 >merge taper length equal to 0.6 m/s lateral shift
 >median speed for each range. For example, speed range 76 - 85 has a median speed of 80 km/h

Temporary speed limit (km/h)	Length of zone (m)	Conditions
≤ 40	100 - 200	>high level of hazard for workers on foot
40	100 (minimum) - 500 maximum	>workers on foot within 1.2 m of traffic with no physical barrier >structural danger to bridges
60	150 (minimum)	>workers on foot or small plant within 3 m of traffic with no physical barrier (i.e. road safety barrier) >on approach to the traffic controller or PTCO >reduced visibility (e.g. dust or smoke) >reduced standard alignment >degraded pavement surface >newly laid bituminous seal
80	500 (minimum)	>Workers on foot or plant within 3 - 6 m of traffic with no physical barrier >disturbance to alignment or pavement surface
80 (buffer)	300 (minimum)	>for advance warning of a 40 or 60 km/h when speed is 100 km/h or more

Speed (km/h)	Distance (m)
40	50
50	70
60	90
70 and over	Two times the speed (km/h)

Recommended sight distances measured to a traffic control device from the driver of an approaching vehicle, in relation to speed is shown in Table 2.3.
 In addition to the consideration for sight distance for vehicles, sight distance shall be also be considered to access points in or out of the worksite to pedestrian or cyclist paths to prevent a conflict.



Note: This is an example for a 60km/h scenario

Speed (km/h)	Traffic volume (vpd)*	Clearance to excavation (m)	Protection required		
			Depth of excavation (mm)		
			50 to 250	251 to 500	>500
≤ 65	Any	<2.5	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	TRSB
		2.5 - 5	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum
		>5	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3
> 70	≤ 1500	<5	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	TRSB
		>5	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3
	> 1500	<6	As per table 5.3	4 m maximum	TRSB
		>6	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3	As per table 5.3

*For multilane roads use volume in one direction. For two-lane, two-way roads use the sum of both directions. Any variations to these recommendations in this table need to be supported by a risk assessment.

Speed (km/h)	Distance (m)
≤ 55	15
56 - 65	45
> 66	Equal to the speed (km/h)

Signs shall be positioned a distance equal to that shown in Table 2.2 from the worksite or hazard (e.g. taper). Space successive signs (after primary sign) the same distance as shown in Table 2.2 unless stated otherwise. If there is only a single advance warning sign on the approach, the sign shall be positioned at double the spacing show in Table 2.2 from the worksite or hazard.

Speed (km/h)	Distance (m)
<55	15
56 - 65	45
> 66	Equal to the speed (km/h)

Speed (km/h)	Distance (m)
≤ 40	50
46 - 55	70
56 - 65	90
>66	Two times the speed (km/h)

Recommended sight distances measured to a traffic control device from the driver of an approaching vehicle, in relation to speed is shown in Table 2.3.
 In addition to the consideration for sight distance for vehicles, sight distance shall be also be considered to access points in or out of the worksite to pedestrian or cyclist paths to prevent a conflict.

- Links to recourses
- <https://austroads.com.au/network-operations/temporary-traffic-management/guide>
 - <https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/business-industry/Technical-standards-publications/Manual-of-uniform-traffic-control-devices>
 - <https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/business-industry/Technical-standards-publications/Temporary-Traffic-Management>
 - <https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/business-industry/Technical-standards-publications/Queensland-Guide-to-Temporary-Traffic-Management>
 - <https://www.tmr.qld.gov.au/-/media/busind/techstdpubs/Specifications-and-drawings/Specifications/1-Overarching-Specifications/MRTS02.pdf?la=en>
 - <https://www.standards.org.au/standards-catalogue/sa-snz/transportandlogistic/ms-012/as--1742-dot-3-colon-2019>
 - https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/_data/assets/pdf_file/0018/22158/traffic-management-construction-cop-2008.pdf

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

LINDORES
 PERSONNEL

T: 07 3868 3525
 F: 07 3268 3166
 A: 34 Nudgee Road, Hamilton, Qld 4007

WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken


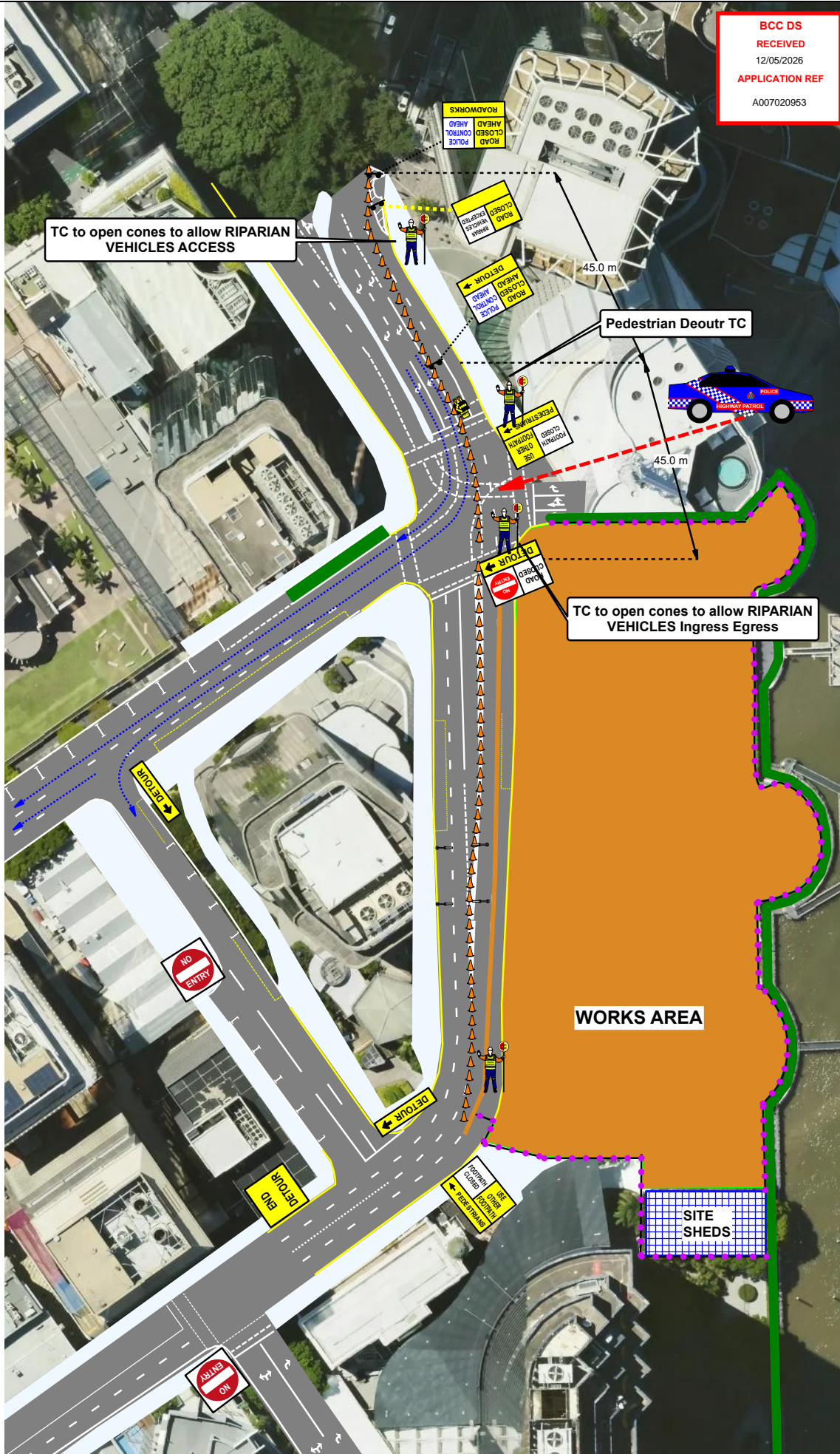
Client:	John Holland	Term of Works:	Long Term
Name:	Dale Waters	Travelled Path:	Past
Senior Project Engineer	South Bound Lane Closure	Available Width:	Fixed to Road Width
Activity:	Eagle Street	Control Type:	Police
Street:	Creek Street	TC Use and Police Car	Lane Closure
Cross Street 1:	Felix Street	Traffic Controllers	
Cross Street 2:	Brisbane CBD	TC Numbers:	As required
Suburb:		Date Drawn:	13 May 2024
Posted Speed:	40 Kph		

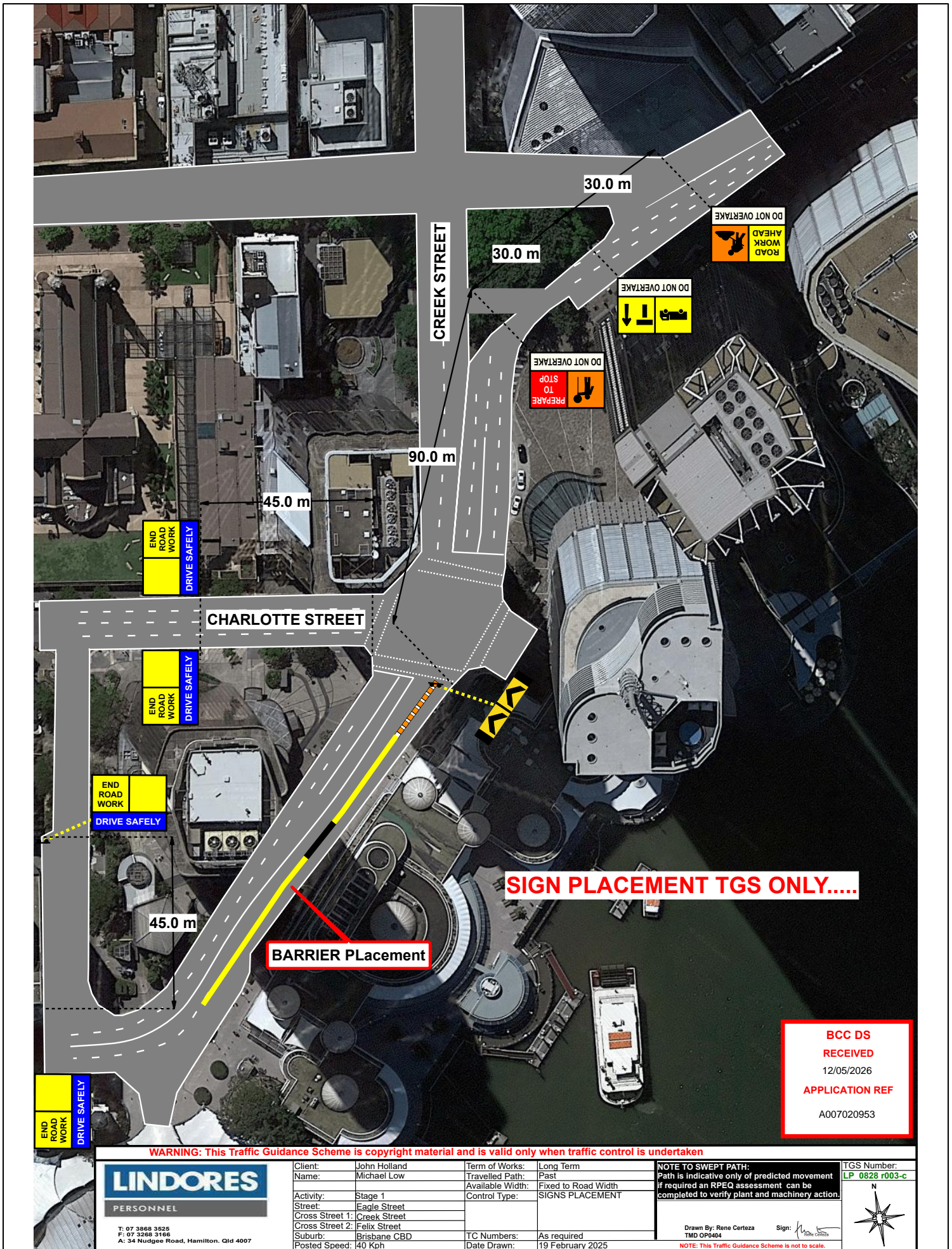
NOTE TO SWEPT PATH:
 Path is indicative only of predicted movement if required an RPEQ assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action

Drawn By: Rene Cortez
 TMD 0P0404
 Sign: *Rene Cortez*

TGS Number:
LP 1605

N



WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken



T: 07 3668 3526
F: 07 3268 3166
A: 34 Nudgee Road, Hamilton, Qld 4007

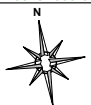
Client:	John Holland	Term of Works:	Long Term
Name:	Michael Low	Travelled Path:	Past
Activity:	Stage 1	Available Width:	Fixed to Road Width
Street:	Eagle Street	Control Type:	SIGNS PLACEMENT
Cross Street 1:	Creek Street		
Cross Street 2:	Felix Street		
Suburb:	Brisbane CBD	TC Numbers:	As required
Posted Speed:	40 Kph	Date Drawn:	19 February 2025

NOTE TO SWEEP PATH:
Path is indicative only of predicted movement
if required an RPEQ assessment can be
completed to verify plant and machinery action.

TGS Number:
LP 0828 r003-c

Drawn By: Rene Certeza
TMD OP0404

Sign:



NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.

BCC DS
RECEIVED
12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
A007020953

Certificate of Registration

Traffic Management Registration Scheme

This is to certify that

Lindores Personnel No 1 Pty Ltd

ABN: 46 140 837 976

**is registered with the
Department of Transport and Main Roads**

Registration Number: 0236

**Issue Date: 30 November 2023
Expiry Date: 30 November 2025**

Glenn Blumke

.....
Traffic Management Registration Scheme
Engineering & Technology

BCC DS
RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
 A007020953



POLICE TO CONTROL INTERSECTION DURING SHUTTLE FLOW

BREAKS

WORKS AREA

SITE SHEDS

X2 For Breaks

WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken by Lindores Personnel TGS Number: LP 2074

LINDORES

PERSONNEL

T: 07 3868 3525
F: 07 3268 3166
A: 6 Deshon Street Woolloongabba, QLD

Client:	JOHN HOLLAND	Term of Works:	SHORT / LONG TERM
Name:	MICHAEL LOW	Travelled Path:	PAST
Project Manager:	PROJECT MANAGER	Available Width:	SHUTTLE FLOW
Activity:	ROAD CLOSURE	Control Type:	POLICE
Street:	EAGLE STREET	TC AND UTES:	LANE CLOSURE
Cross Street 1:	CREEK STREET	CONES and SIGNS:	
Cross Street 2:	ELIZABETH STREET		
Suburb:	BRISBANE	TC Numbers:	Including Breaks
Posted Speed:	40kph	Date Drawn:	27 March 2025

NOTE TO SWEPT PATH:
 Path is unverified and is only an indication of predicted movement. If required an RPEQ assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action.
 Drawn By: Rene Carreza
 TMD 0P0404
 Rene Carreza

NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.

WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken by Lindores Personnel TGS Number: LP 1743 r005



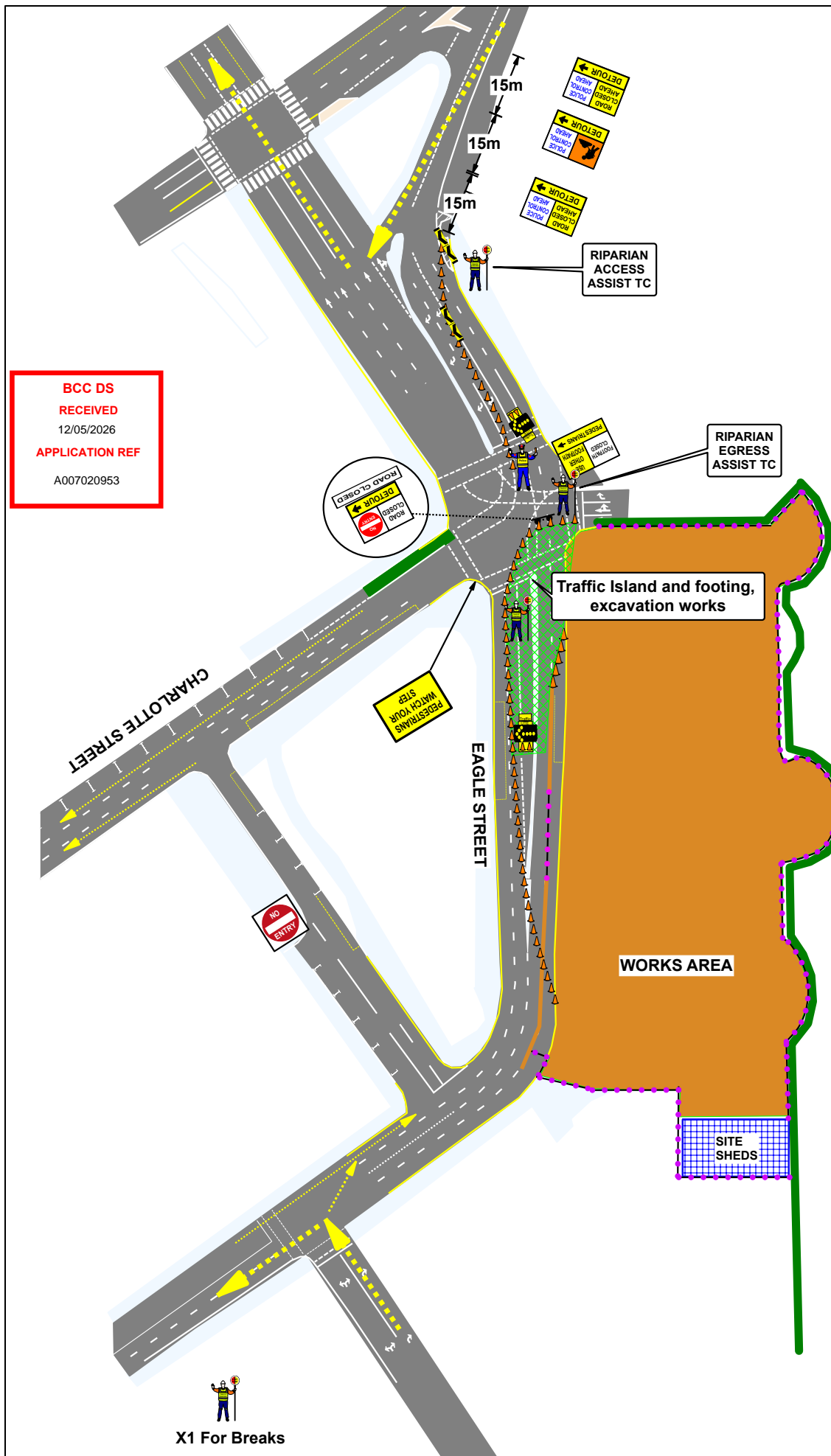
T: 07 3868 3525
 F: 07 3268 3166
 A: 6 Deshon Street Woolloongabba, QLD

Client:	JOHN HOLLAND	Term of Works:	SHORT / LONG TERM
Name:	MICHAEL LOW	Travelled Path:	AROUNDS
Project Manager:	PROJECT MANAGER	Available Width:	SINGLE LANE
Activity:	ROAD CLOSURE	Control Type:	POLICE AT LIGHTS
Street:	EAGLE STREET	TC AND UTES:	LANE CLOSURE
Cross Street 1:	CREEK STREET	CONES and SIGNS:	
Cross Street 2:	ELIZABETH STREET	TC Numbers:	7 Including Breaks
Suburb:	BRISBANE	Date Drawn:	AMENDT 03 09 2025
Posted Speed:	40kph		

NOTE TO SWEET PATH:
 Path is unverified and is only an indication of predicted movement. If required an RPEQ assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action.

Drawn By: Rene Certeza
 TMD OP0404

NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.



BCC DS
 RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
 APPLICATION REF
 A007020953

X1 For Breaks

WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken by Lindores Personnel TGS Number: LP 1743 r004



T: 07 3868 3525
 F: 07 3268 3166
 A: 6 Deshon Street Woolloongabba, QLD

Client:	JOHN HOLLAND	Term of Works:	SHORT / LONG TERM
Name:	MICHAEL LOW	Travelled Path:	AROUNDS
Project Manager:	PROJECT MANAGER	Available Width:	SINGLE LANE
Activity:	ROAD CLOSURE	Control Type:	POLICE AT LIGHTS
Street:	EAGLE STREET	TC and UTES:	TC AND UTES
Cross Street 1:	CREEK STREET	Lane Closure:	LANE CLOSURE
Cross Street 2:	ELIZABETH STREET	Cones and Signs:	CONES and SIGNS
Suburb:	BRISBANE	TC Numbers:	7 Including Breaks
Posted Speed:	40kph	Date Drawn:	AMENDT 03 09 2025

NOTE TO SWEPT PATH:
 Path is unverified and is only an indication of predicted movement. If required an RPEQ assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action.
 Drawn By: Rene Certeza
 TMD 0P0404
 [Signature]





BCC DS
 RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
 APPLICATION REF
 A007020953



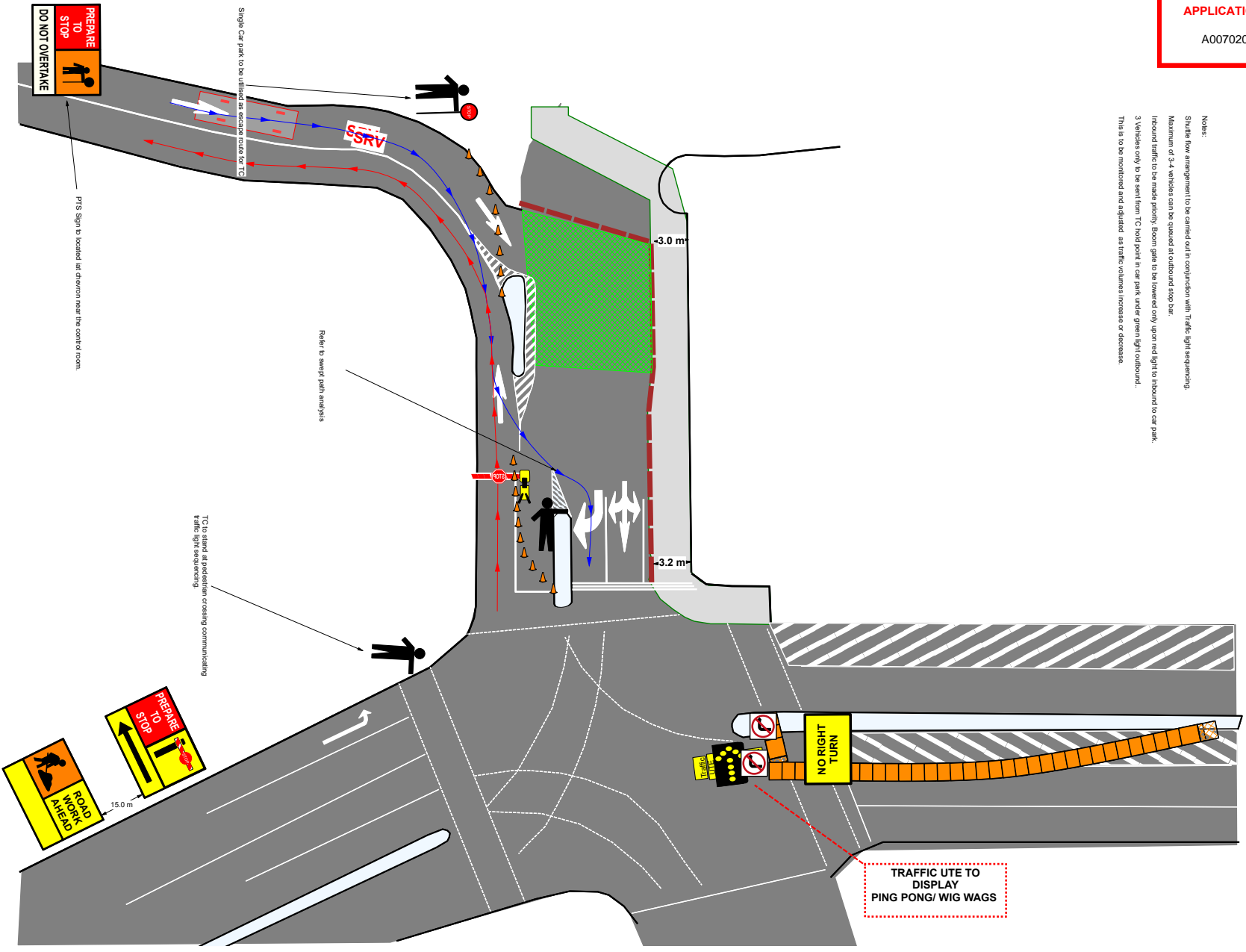
X1 For Breaks

**BCC DS
RECEIVED**
12/05/2026
APPLICATION REF
A007020953

WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken

LINDORES		PERSONNEL	
Client:	John Holland	Team of Works:	Short Term
Name:	Michelle Zurich	Travelled Path:	Past
Activity:	Senior Project Engineer	Available Width:	Fixed to Road Width
Street:	RAMP ST	Cross Street 1:	Creek Street
Cross Street 2:	Edlisk Street	Cross Street 2:	Edlisk Street
Suburb:	Brisbane CBD	TC Numbers:	As required
Posted Speed:	40 Kph	Date Drawn:	12/09/2025
T: 07 3266 3526 F: 07 3266 3166 A: 34 Kudger Road, Hamilton, Qld 4407		NOTE TO SWEET PATH: Path is indicative only of predicted movement If required an RPEO assessment can be completed to verify plant and machinery action Drawn By: Neil Gaze Sign:  TMO 09877 NOTE: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is not to scale.	
		TSS Number: LE 2161 R001 N 	

Notes:
 Shuttle flow arrangement to be carried out in conjunction with Traffic light sequencing
 Maximum of 3-4 vehicles can be queued at outbound stop bar.
 Inbound traffic to be made priority. Room gate to be lowered only upon red light to inbound to car park.
 3 Vehicles only to be sent from TC hold point in car park under green light outbound.
 This is to be monitored and adjusted as traffic volumes increase or decrease.



WARNING: This Traffic Guidance Scheme is copyright material and is valid only when traffic control is undertaken



T: 07 2869 3525
 F: 07 3269 3166
 A: 34 Nudgee Road, Hamilton, Qld 4007

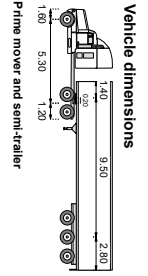
Client:	John Holland	Term of Works:	Long Term
Name:	Dale	Travelled Path:	Past
Activity:	Senior Project Engineer	Available Width:	Fixed to Road Width
Street:	Hold and Release	Control Type:	Hold and Release
Cross Street 1:	Eagle Street		Signs
Cross Street 2:	Creek Street		Traffic Controllers
Suburb:	Felix Street	TC Numbers:	As required
Posted Speed:	Brisbane CBD	Date Drawn:	26 November 2025

NOTE TO SWEPT PATH:
 Path is indicative only of predicted movement
 If required an RPEQ assessment can be
 completed to verify plant and machinery action

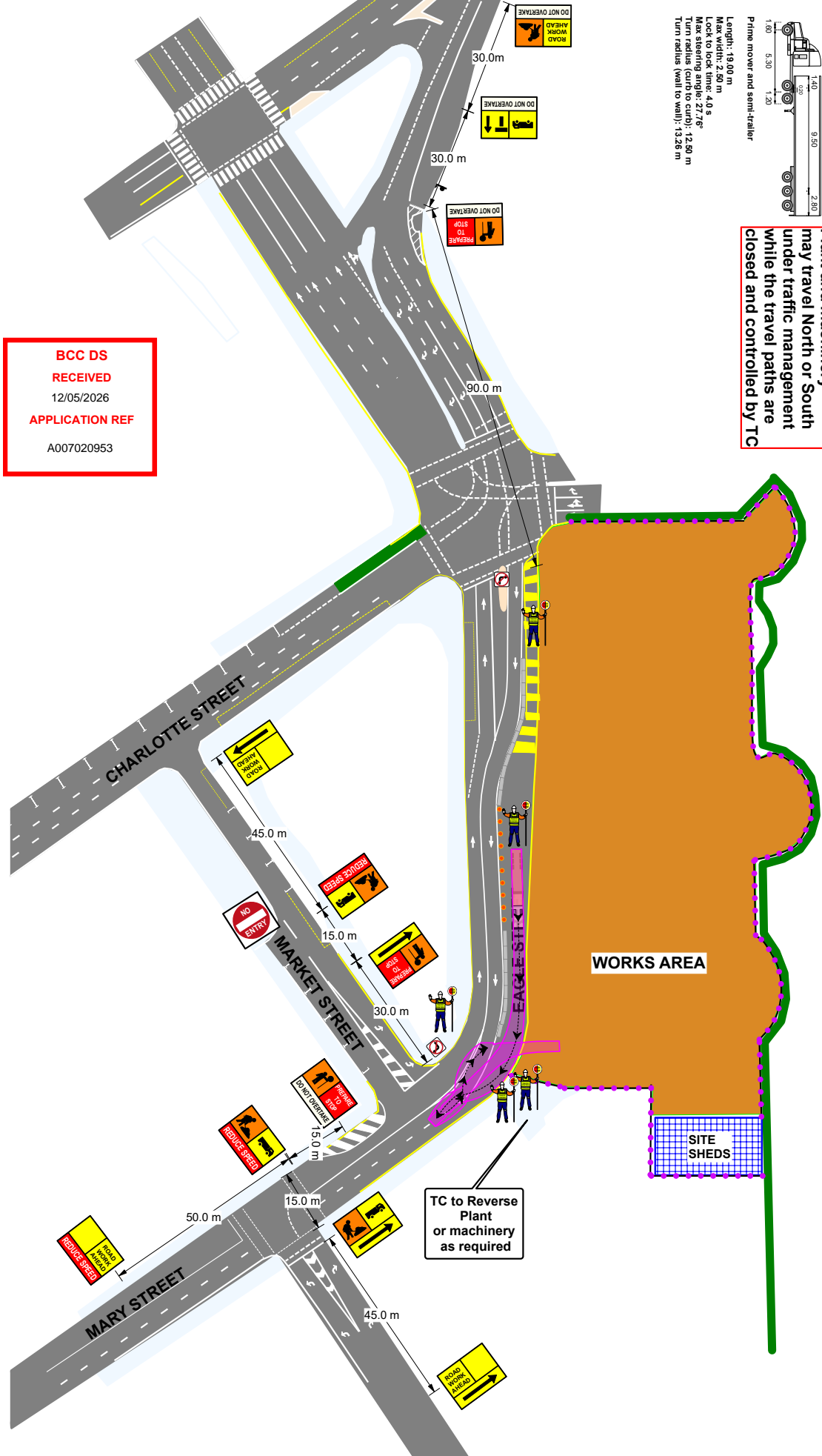
Drawn By: Rene Cortez
 TMD:OP/0404
 Sign: *Rene Cortez*

TGS Number:
 LP 1221 0001
 ADDITIONAL TO
 ALLOW FOR HOLD
 AND RELEASE
 HEADING NORTH.

NORTH



Plant and machinery may travel North or South under traffic management while the travel paths are closed and controlled by TC



**BCC DS
 RECEIVED
 12/05/2026
 APPLICATION REF
 A007020953**