

Flood Impact Assessment

288 Albany Creek Road, Bridgeman Downs

Kenny Jap Properties Pty Ltd

29 May 2026



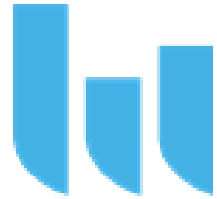


Document Status

Version	Doc type	Reviewed by	Approved by	Date issued
V01	FINAL	G.Hansell	G.Hansell	19 May 2026
V02	FINAL	G.Hansell	G.Hansell	29 May 2026

Project Details

Project Name	288 Albany Creek Road, Bridgeman Downs
Client	Kenny Jap Properties Pty Ltd
Client Project Manager	Liam Donald
Water Technology Project Manager	Greg Hansell
Water Technology Project Director	Andrew Thompson
Authors	Callan Schonrock
Document Number	26020065-R01-V02



COPYRIGHT

Water Technology Pty Ltd has produced this document in accordance with instructions from Kenny Jap Properties Pty Ltd for their use only. The concepts and information contained in this document are the copyright of Water Technology Pty Ltd. Use or copying of this document in whole or in part without written permission of Water Technology Pty Ltd constitutes an infringement of copyright.

Water Technology Pty Ltd does not warrant this document is definitive nor free from error and does not accept liability for any loss caused, or arising from, reliance upon the information provided herein.

Level 5, 43 Peel Street
South Brisbane QLD 4101
Telephone (07) 3105 1460
ACN 093 377 283
ABN 60 093 377 283





CONTENTS

1	INTRODUCTION	4
1.1	Overview	4
1.2	Site Description	4
1.3	Proposed Development	5
2	FLOOD INFORMATION REVIEW	7
2.1	Flood Constraint Mapping	7
2.2	Floodwise Property Report	8
3	HYDRAULIC MODELLING	10
3.1	Existing Scenario	10
3.2	Developed Scenario	11
3.3	Results	12
4	FLOOD OVERLAY CODE ASSESSMENT	19
5	CONCLUSION	20

APPENDICES

Appendix A FloodWise Property Report

Appendix B Flood Overlay Code Responses



LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1-1	Existing Site Topography (Source: 2014 LiDAR)	5
Figure 1-2	Proposed Plan of Development (Source: DTS 2026)	6
Figure 2-1	Creek/waterway flood planning areas	7
Figure 2-2	Citywide Waterway Corridor Mapping	8
Figure 2-3	Extract from Floodwise Property Report	9
Figure 3-1	Hydraulic Model Configuration	10
Figure 3-2	Developed Scenario Model Topography (DEM_Z)	11
Figure 3-3	Development Cut/Fill	12
Figure 3-4	Development 2yr+CC Peak Level Impact	13
Figure 3-5	Development 5yr+CC Peak Level Impact	14
Figure 3-6	Development 10yr+CC Peak Level Impact	15
Figure 3-7	Development 20yr+CC Peak Level Impact	16
Figure 3-8	Development 50yr+CC Peak Level Impact	17
Figure 3-9	Development 100yr+CC Peak Level Impact	18



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

Kenny Jap Properties Pty Ltd (Kenny Jap) have commissioned Water Technology Pty Ltd (WT) to prepare a flood impact assessment for a proposed residential development located at 288 Albany Creek Road. The property is mapped as being impacted by Creek / Waterway flooding under the Brisbane City Council (BCC) flood overlay mapping.

The proposed development includes earthworks within the 1% AEP creek/waterway flood extent. To undertake the flood impact assessment Council's Cabbage Tree Creek flood model (2019) has been obtained under licence to assess the supplied bulk earthworks design for the development.

This report has been prepared to summarize the flood impact assessment associated with the proposed earthworks and provide high level flood overlay code responses.

1.2 Site Description

The site is approximately 2.87 ha in area and is located on the southern side of Albany Creek Road, with Cabbage Tree Creek forming the eastern site boundary. The site elevations range from approximately 22m AHD adjacent to Cabbage Tree Creek, to greater than 30m AHD on the western site boundary as illustrated in Figure 1-1.

Cabbage Tree Creek (Tighgum) is characterized by a natural creek reserve, with a surrounding, highly urban, contributing catchment. Immediately downstream of the property is Albany Creek Road which constricts floodwater drained through 5 x 3mx3m RCBCs. The lower portion of 288 Albany Creek flooding is subject to flooding from Cabbage Tree Creek (Tighgum) under rare events.

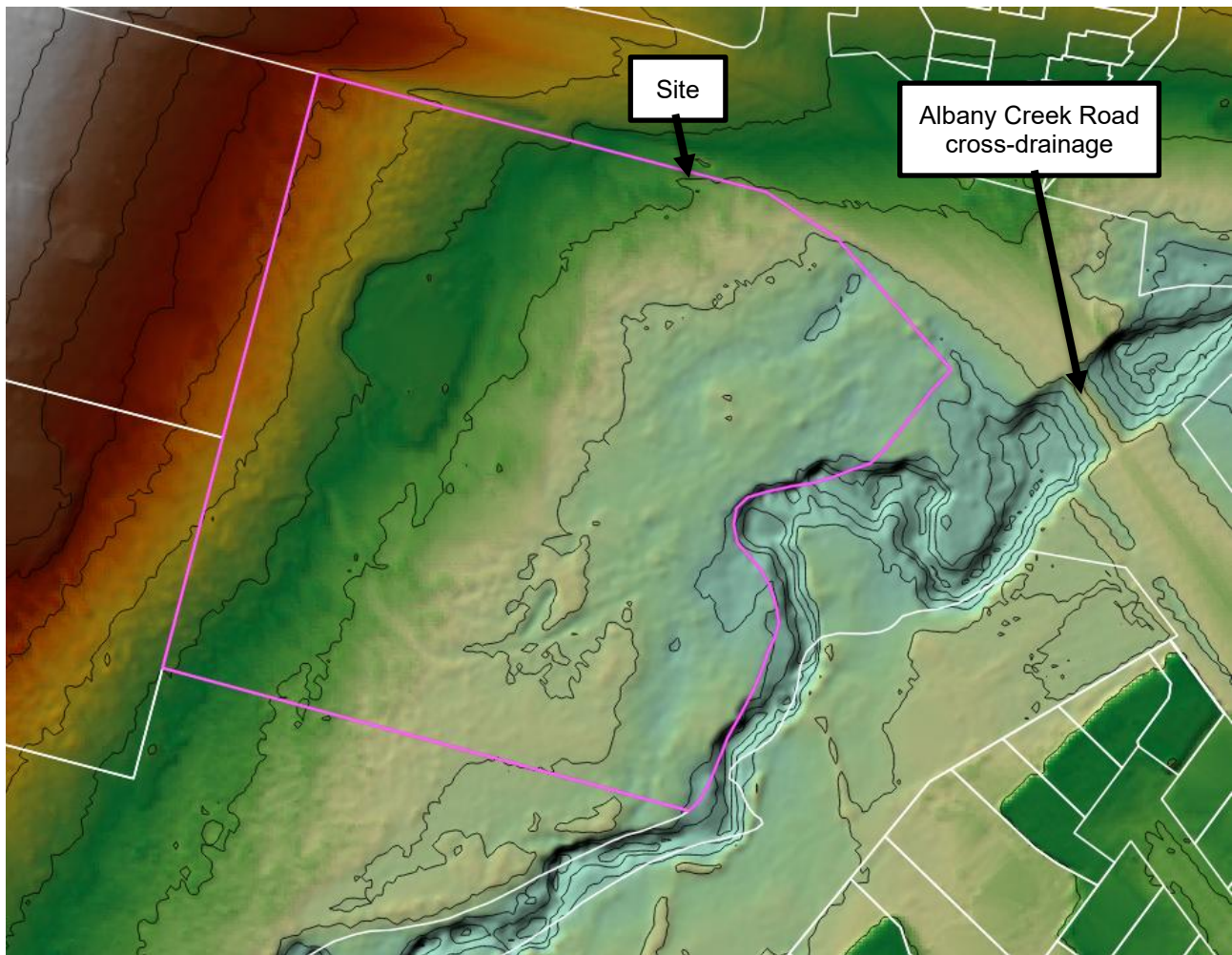


Figure 1-1 Existing Site Topography (Source: 2014 LiDAR)

1.3 Proposed Development

The proposed development consists of a residential outcome on the western side of the site as illustrated in Figure 1-2. The proposed development includes earthworks to raise lots above the Defined Flood Event (DFE) level. A stormwater basin is proposed within Lot 800 intended to capture urban runoff from the development, with stormwater drains located at the outlet to convey local catchment runoff to Cabbage Tree Creek.

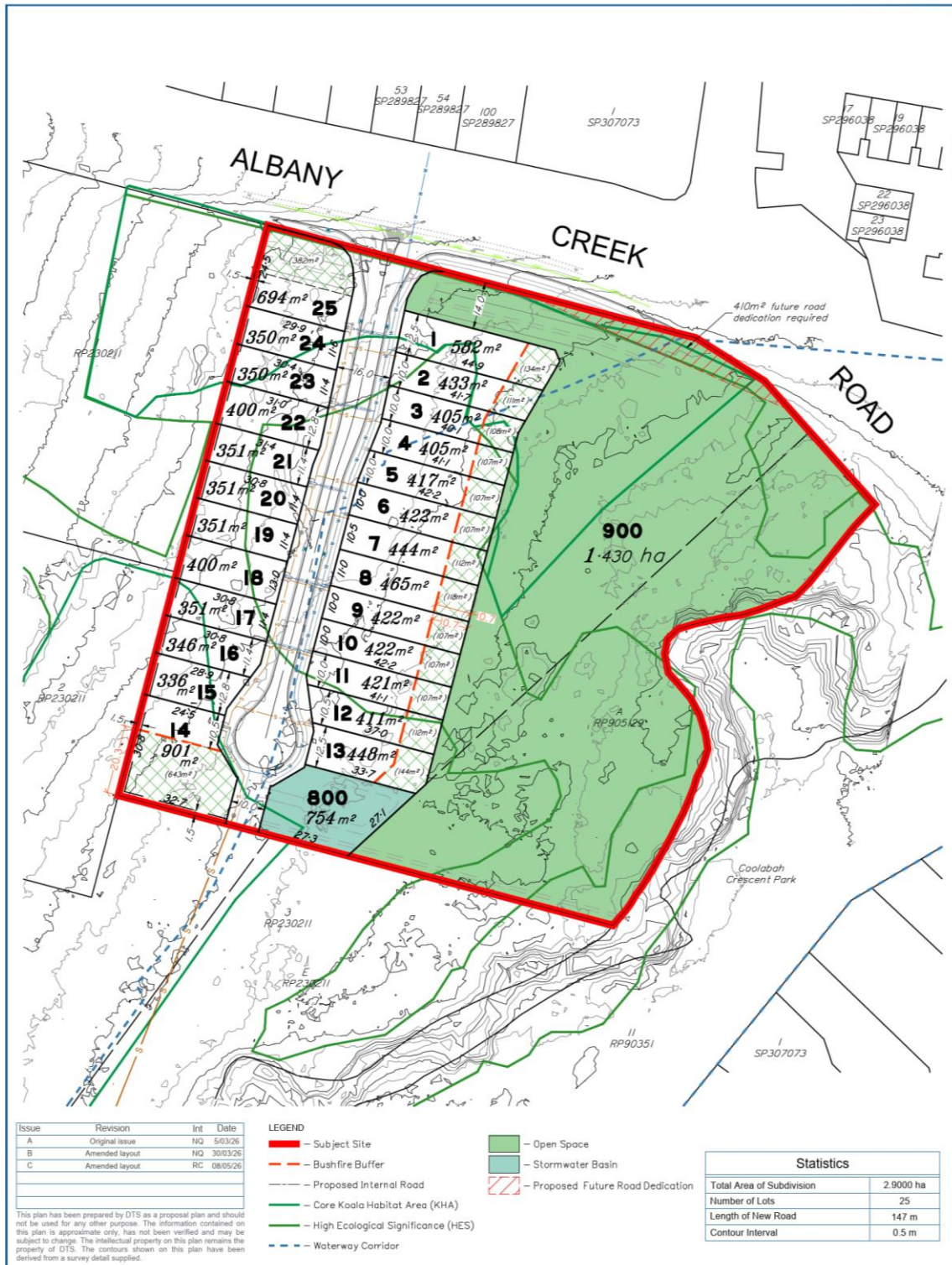


Figure 1-2 Proposed Plan of Development (Source: DTS 2026)



2 FLOOD INFORMATION REVIEW

2.1 Flood Constraint Mapping

The site is affected by flood overlay mapping and other waterway mapping included in the City Plan 2014. Key overlay mapping applicable to flooding at the site includes:

- Creek/waterway flood planning areas (FPA) 1 to 5, noting that within the proposed development area is only impacted by mapped FPA 4 and 5 as illustrated in Figure 2-1,
- The site is not impacted by the overland flow FPA, and
- Much of the site is mapped as within a citywide waterway corridor as illustrated in Figure 2-2.

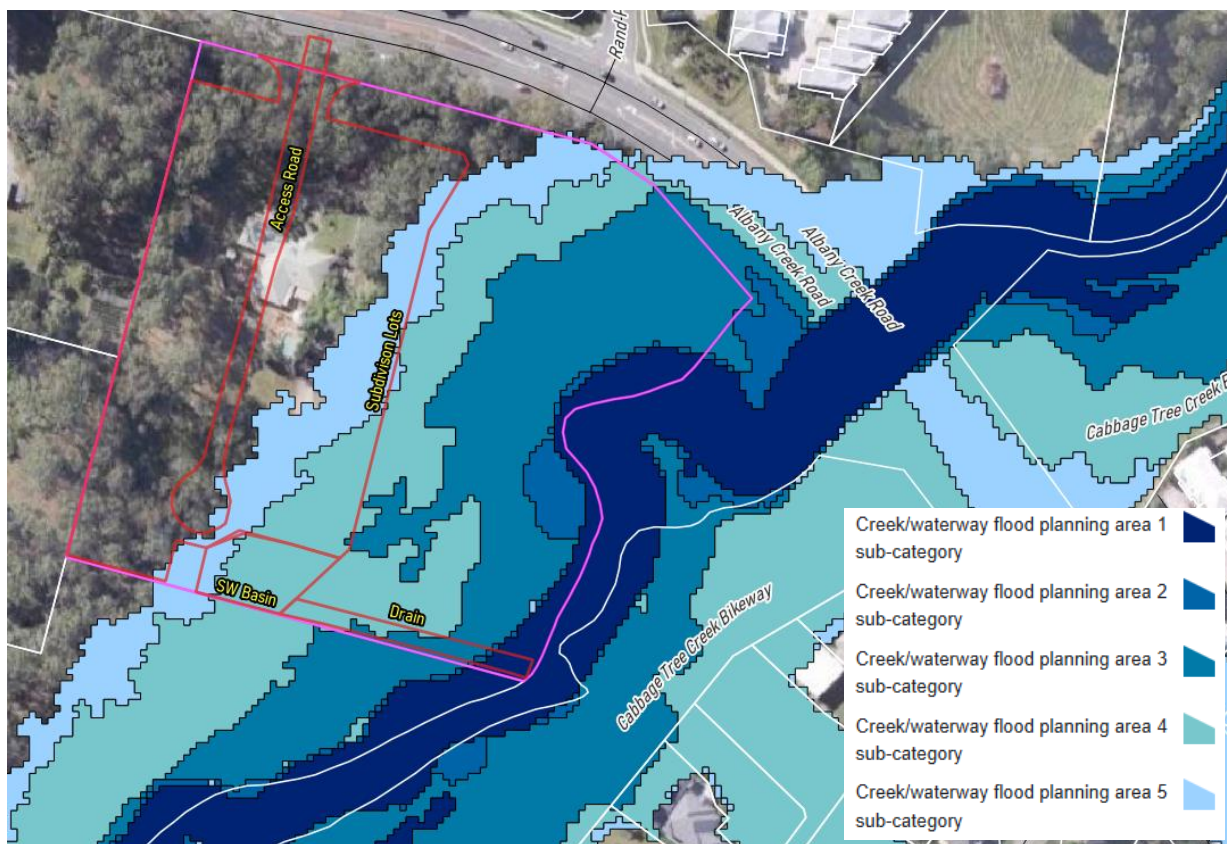


Figure 2-1 Creek/waterway flood planning areas



Figure 2-2 Citywide Waterway Corridor Mapping

2.2 Floodwise Property Report

A FloodWise property report has been obtained from BCC for the site and is provided in Appendix A. The Floodwise report levels are in Figure 2-3, indicating the 1%AEP flood level for the site is 27.0mAHD. A minimum habitable floor level for a dwelling house is not provided on the flood certificate.



Likelihood / Description	Level (mAHD)	Source
20%	26.2	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
5%	26.5	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
2%	26.7	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
1%	27.0	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
0.2%	27.1	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
February 2022	27.1	River (Brisbane River and Creeks/Waterways)
Minimum Habitable Floor Level (dwelling house)	N/A*	

Figure 2-3 Extract from Floodwise Property Report



3 HYDRAULIC MODELLING

3.1 Existing Scenario

Council's Cabbage Tree Creek flood model (2019) has been cutdown to represent the contributing tributary to 288 Albany Creek Road (Cabbage Tree Creek (Tighgum)) and extends 1.5km downstream of the site to where the tailwater conditions do not interact with the flooding at the site (Figure 3-1). Inflows have been retained from the existing model.

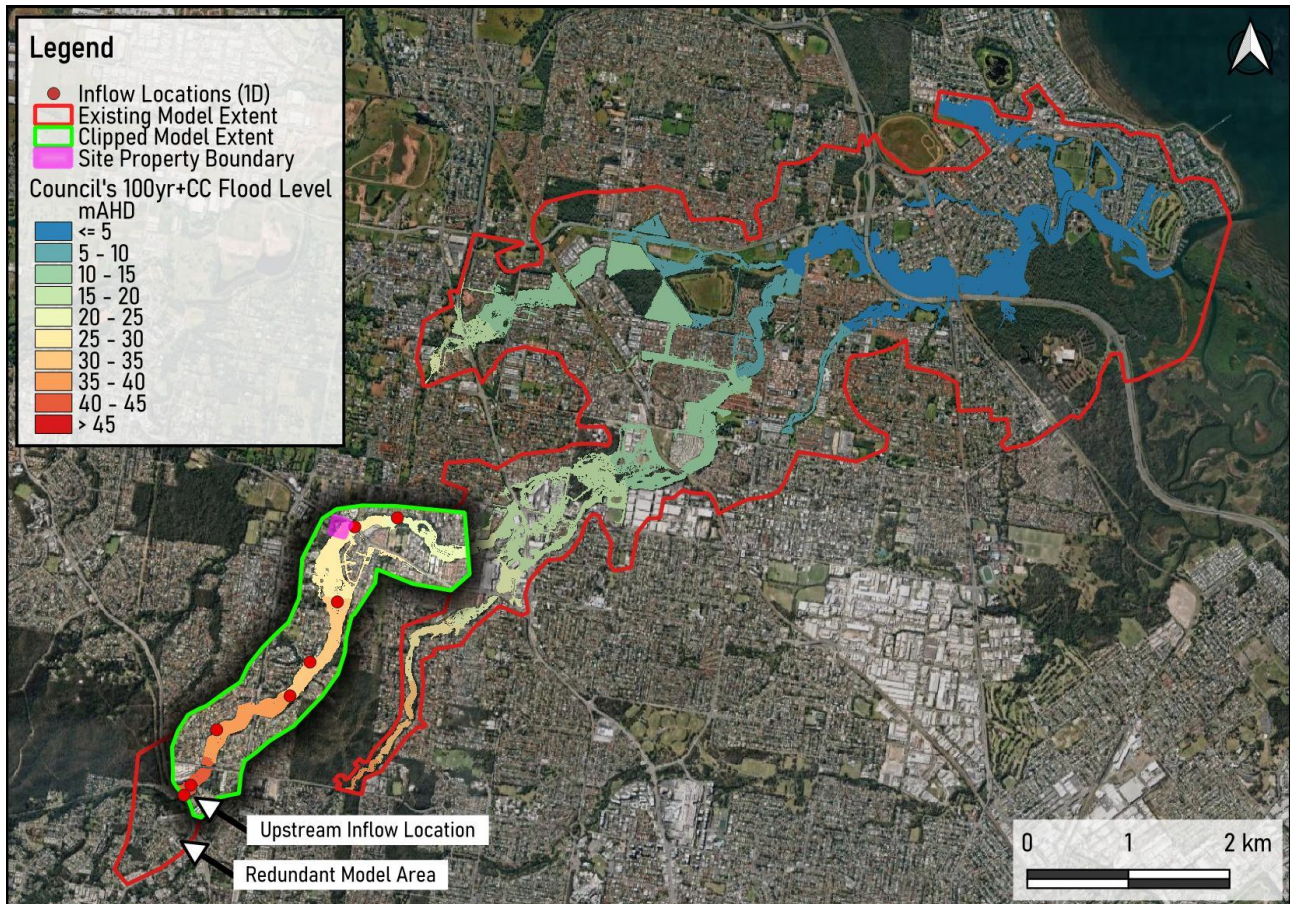


Figure 3-1 Hydraulic Model Configuration



3.2 Developed Scenario

The topography of Council's flood model was amended with the proposed earthworks to support the development of 288 Albany Creek Road. The design surface, supplied by others, has been used to amend the model topography as presented in Figure 3-2.

Specifically, earthworks include:

- Fill for creek facing lots with a minimum level of approximately 28.3m AHD,
- Cut for swale drains, and
- Cut for stormwater basin.

Development related cut and fill is presented in Figure 3-3. As the intent is to ensure the development footprint remains flood free, there were no changes to model roughness associated with the development.

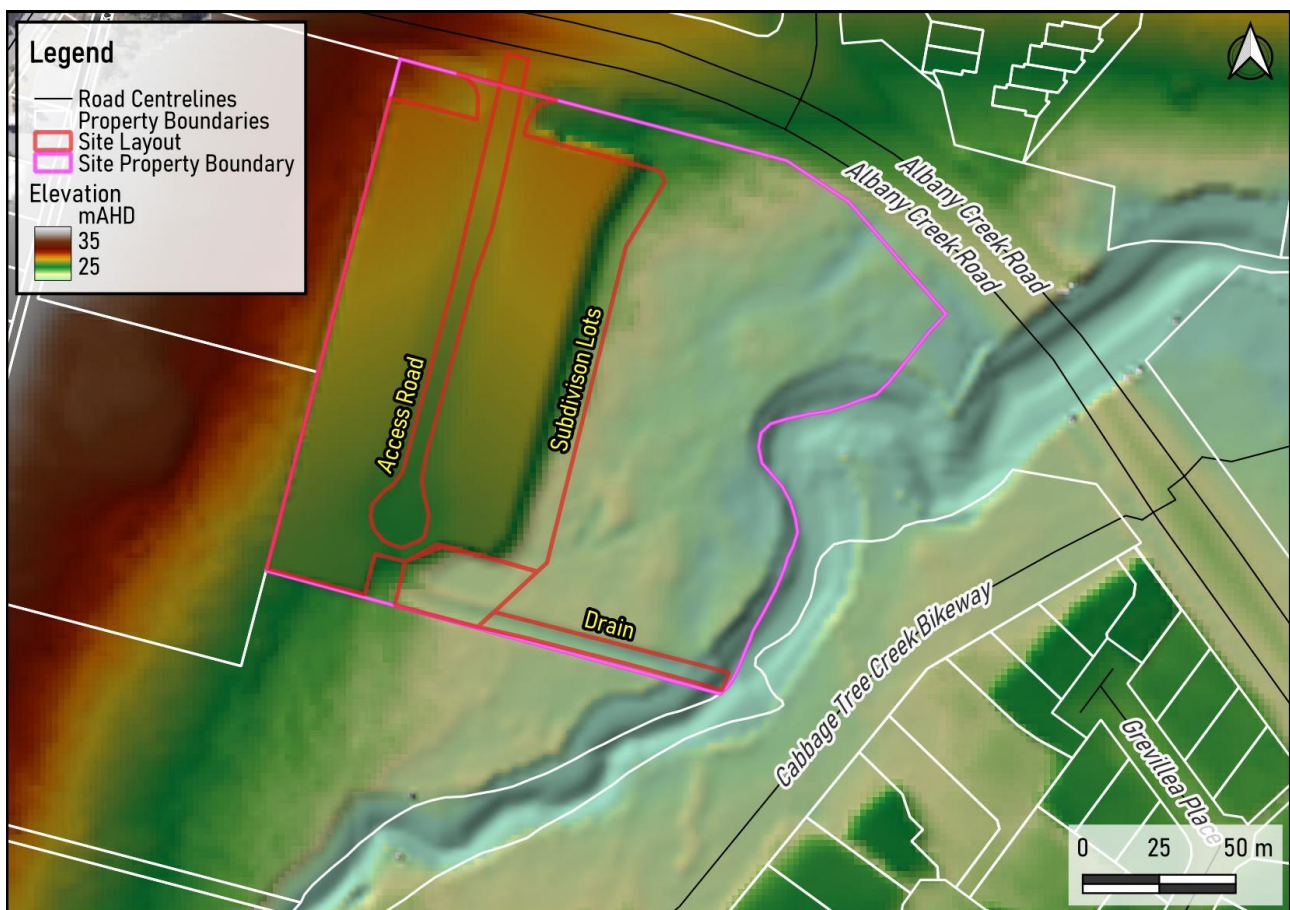


Figure 3-2 Developed Scenario Model Topography (DEM_Z)

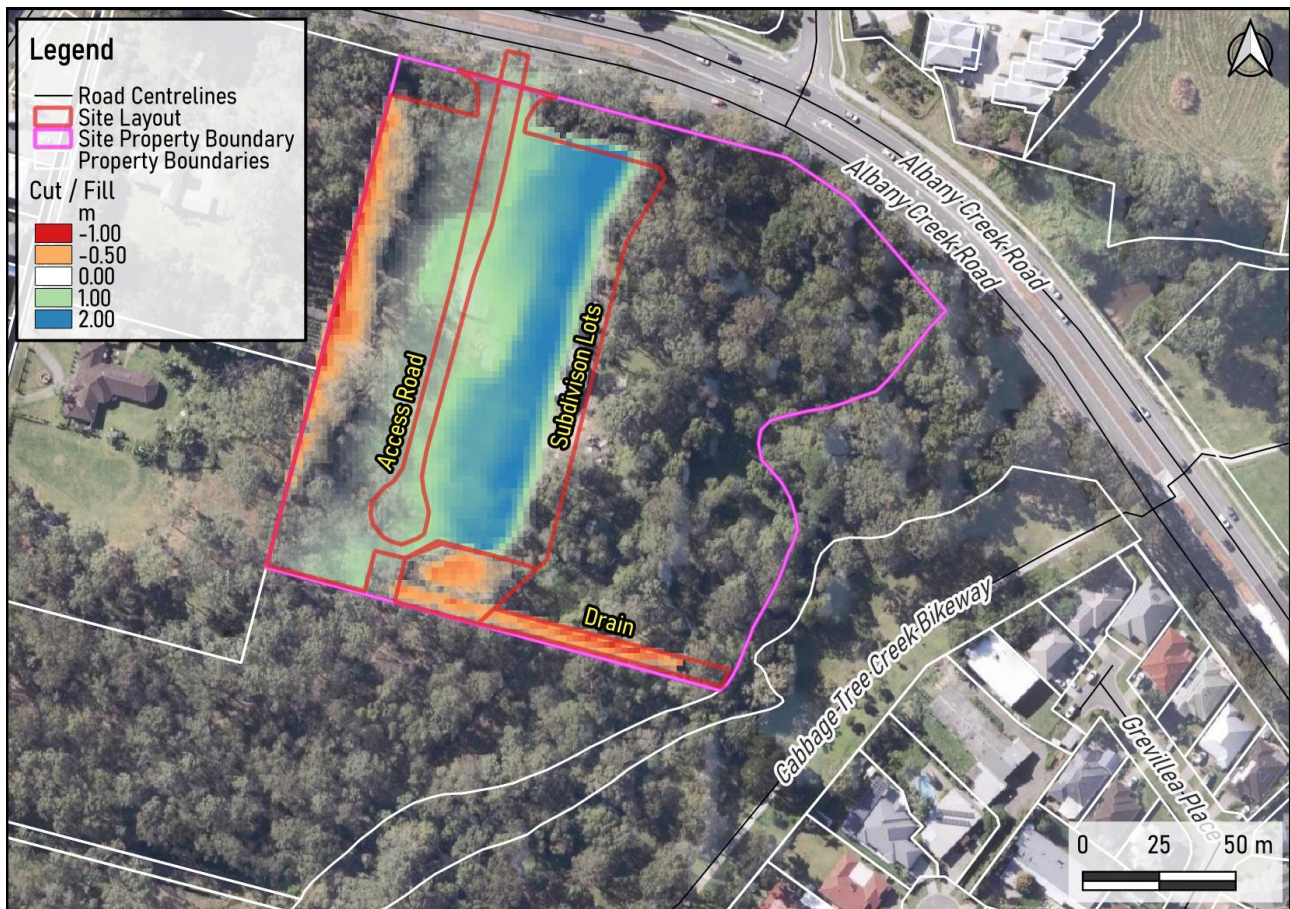


Figure 3-3 Development Cut/Fill

3.3 Results

Development impact has been quantified through assessment against existing and developed scenarios for the full range of event frequencies:

- 2yr + Climate Change (Figure 3-4)
- 5yr + Climate Change (Figure 3-5)
- 10yr + Climate Change (Figure 3-6)
- 20yr + Climate Change (Figure 3-7)
- 50yr + Climate Change (Figure 3-8)
- 100yr + Climate Change (Figure 3-9)

The flood impact results indicate the following:

- The proposed development does not result in increases in peak flood levels external to the site across the full range of assessed events
- Increases to peak flood levels are observed for rare events, but are fully captured within the extents of the site and do not propagate outside the immediate development area

On this basis, it is established that the proposed bulk earthworks do not result in adverse offsite flooding impacts for a creek/waterway flood event up to and including the DFE.

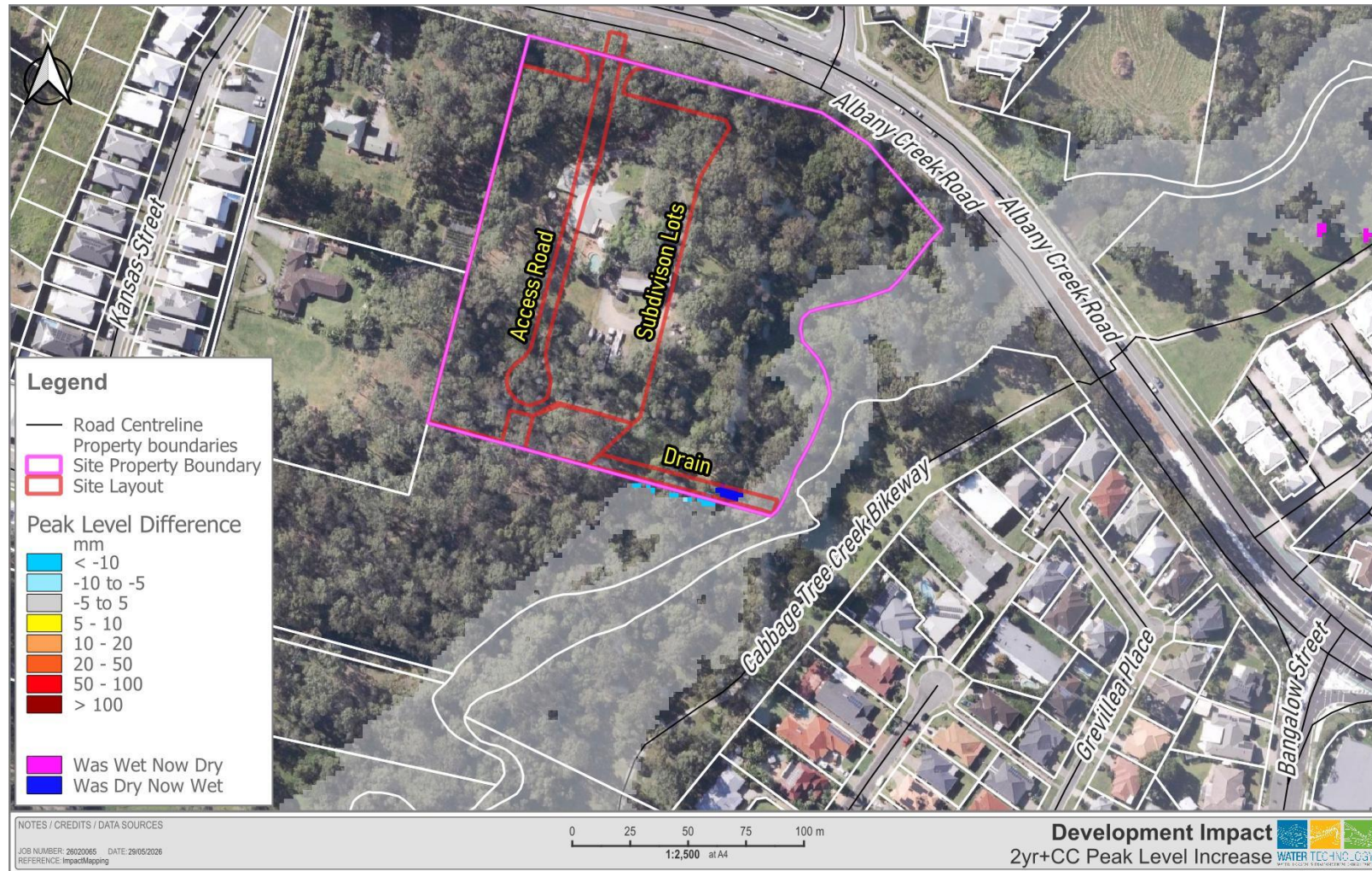


Figure 3-4 Development 2yr+CC Peak Level Impact

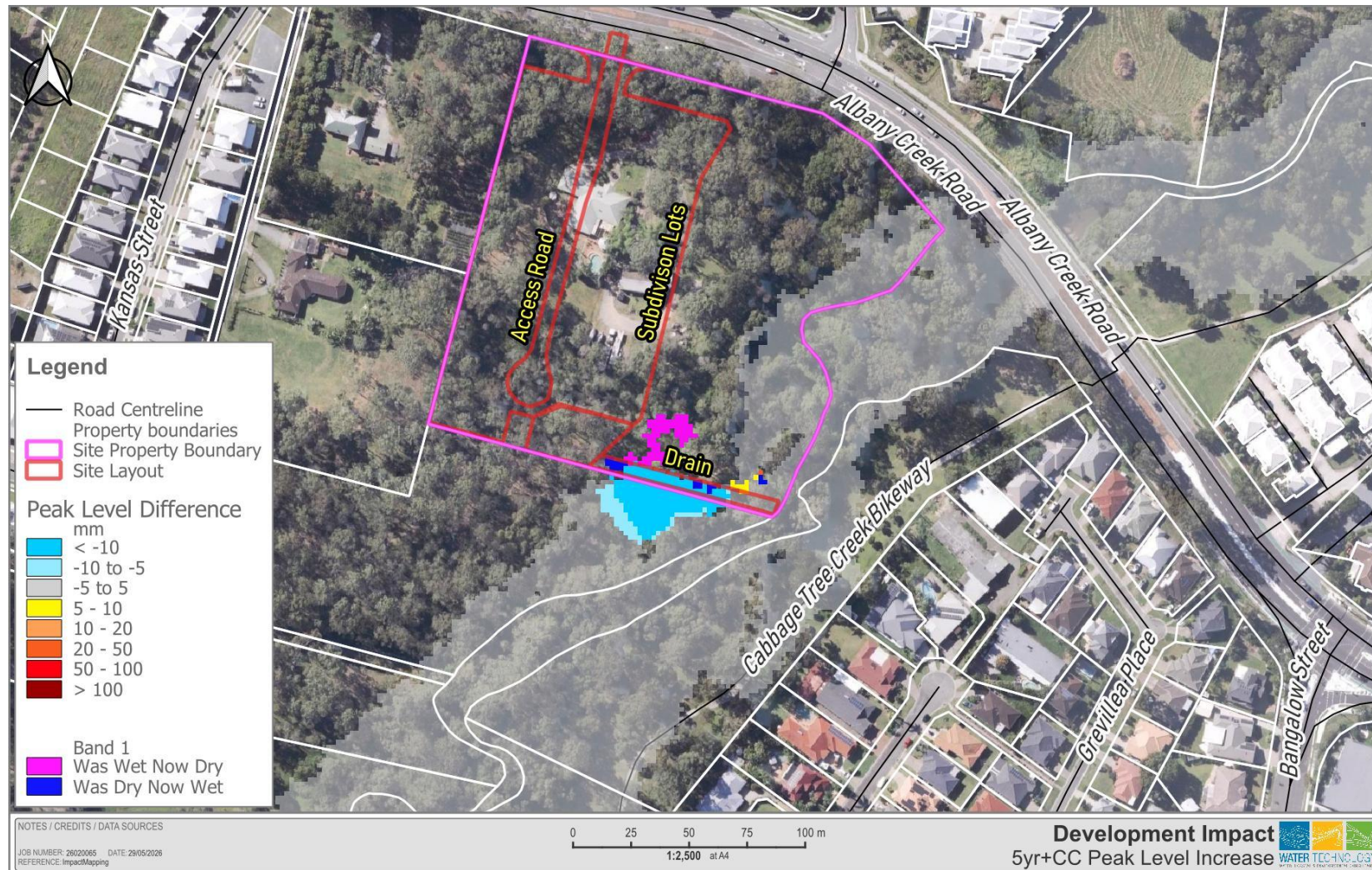


Figure 3-5 Development 5yr+CC Peak Level Impact

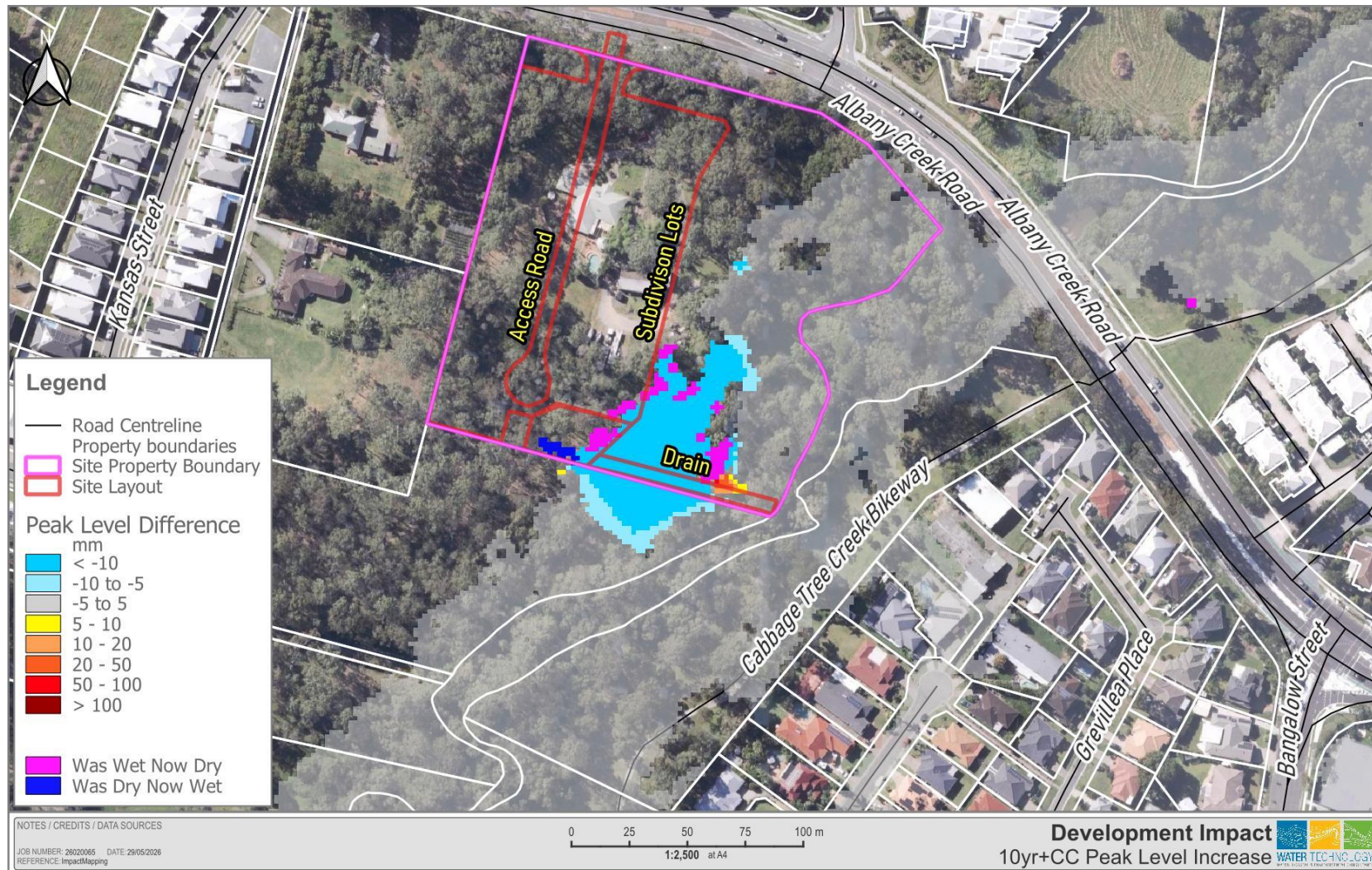


Figure 3-6 Development 10yr+CC Peak Level Impact

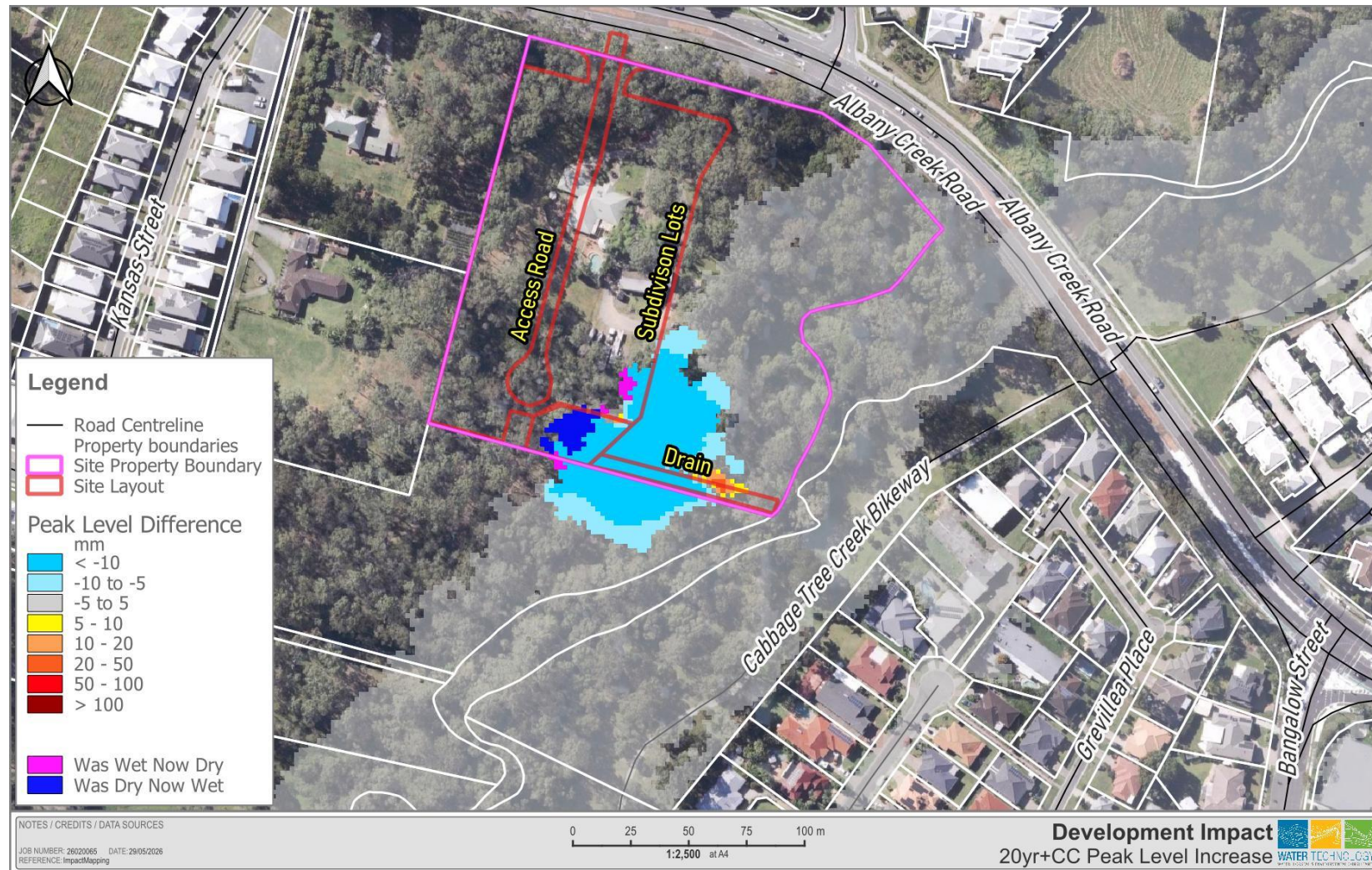


Figure 3-7 Development 20yr+CC Peak Level Impact

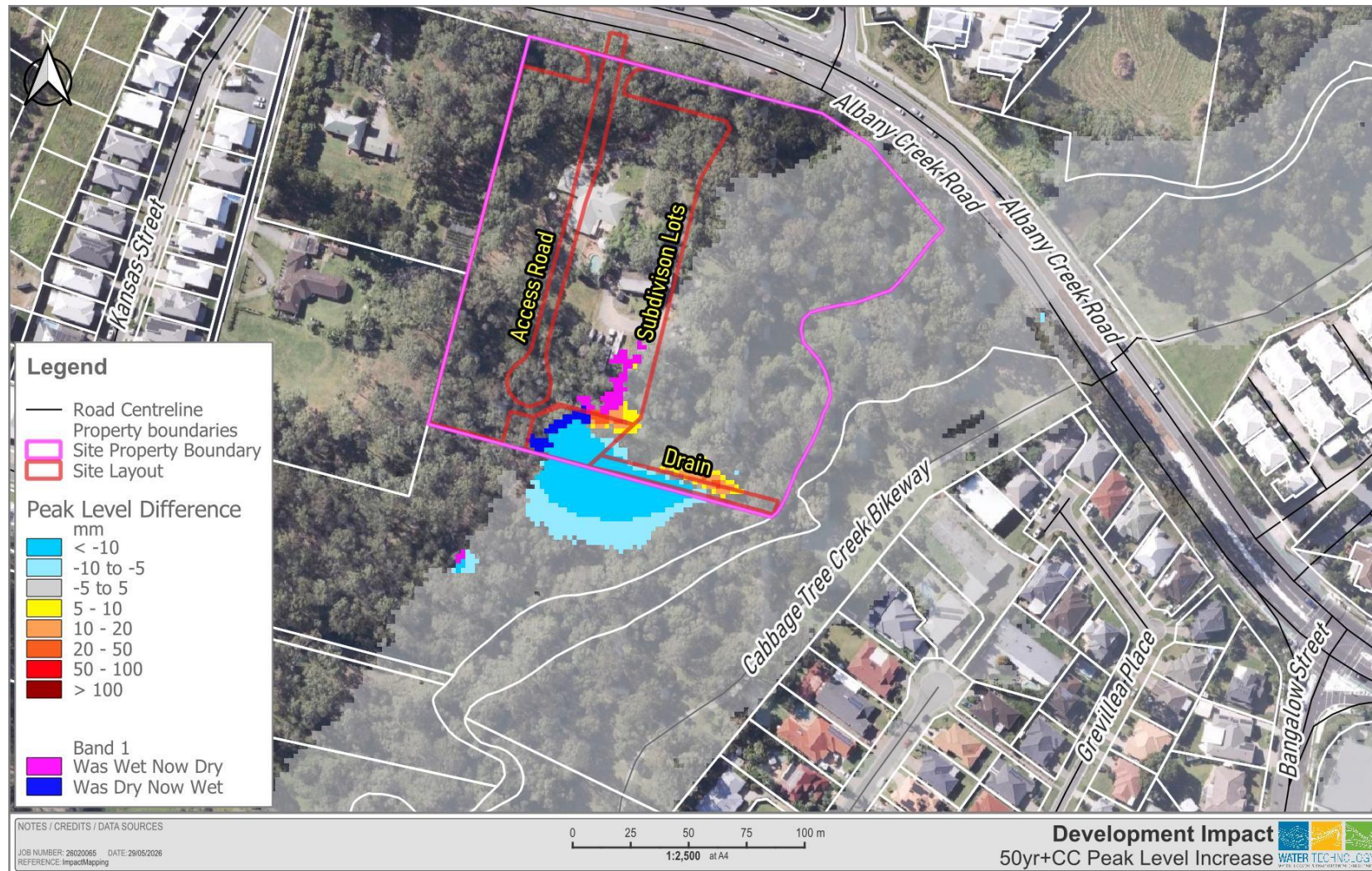


Figure 3-8 Development 50yr+CC Peak Level Impact

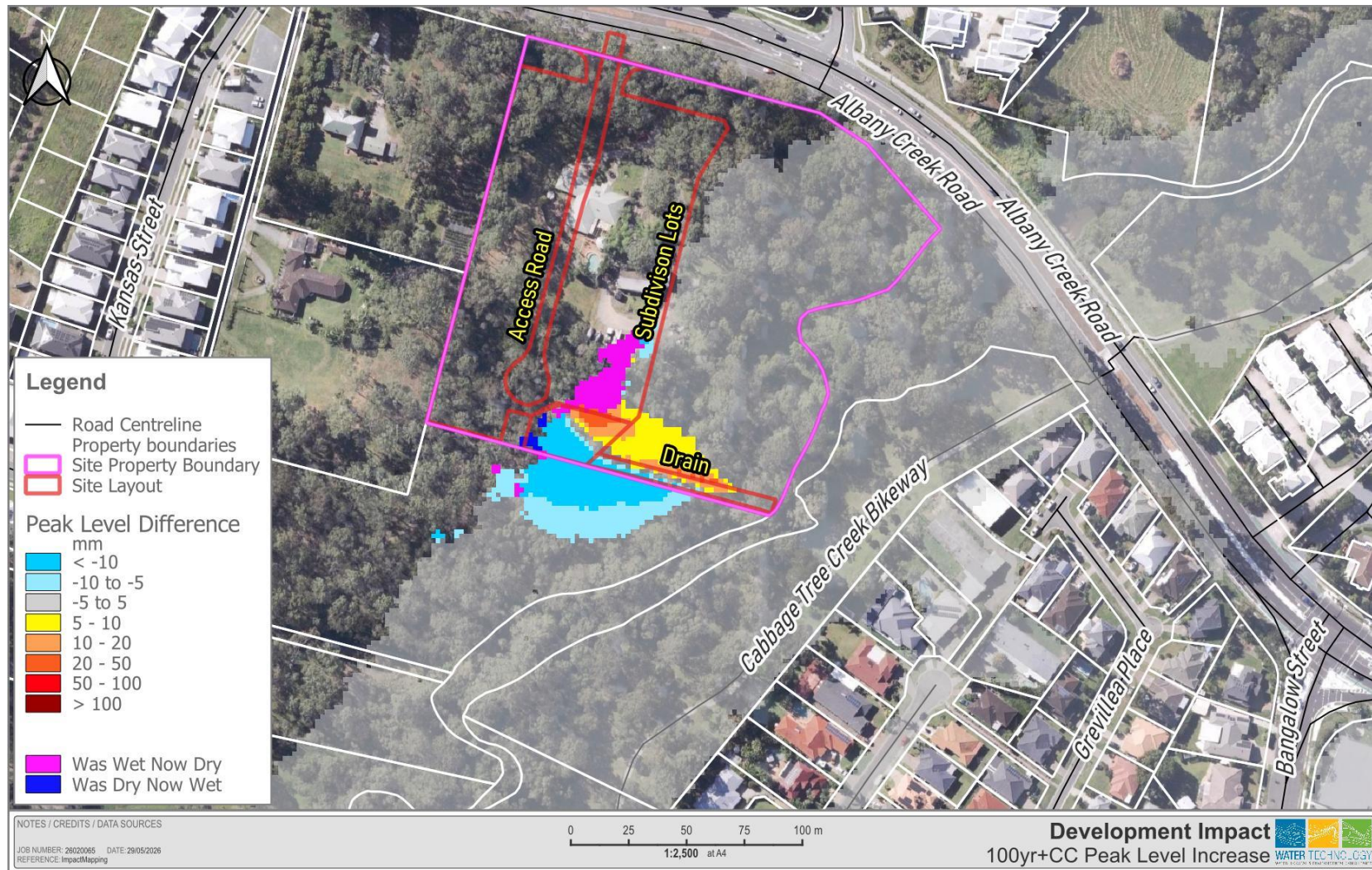


Figure 3-9 Development 100yr+CC Peak Level Impact



4 FLOOD OVERLAY CODE ASSESSMENT

Flood overlay code responses from PO5 to PO18 have been provided in Appendix B. The proposed development can comply with the applicable acceptable outcomes.



5 CONCLUSION

This flood study has assessed the revised proposed development to have no worsening to flood hazard to upstream, downstream or neighbouring properties. Specifically, the flood impact of the development demonstrates the following from flood modelling:

- The proposed development does not result in increases in peak flood levels external to the site across the full range of assessed events
- Increases to peak flood levels are observed for rare events, but are fully captured within the extents of the site and do not propagate outside the immediate development area

This flood study has additionally provided high level responses to Council's Flood Overlay Code, which has indicated that the proposed development complies with the acceptable outcomes of the code.



APPENDIX A FLOODWISE PROPERT REPORT

FloodWise Property Report

288 ALBANY CREEK RD, BRIDGEMAN DOWNS 4035
Lot 2 on RP138914



Dedicated to a better Brisbane

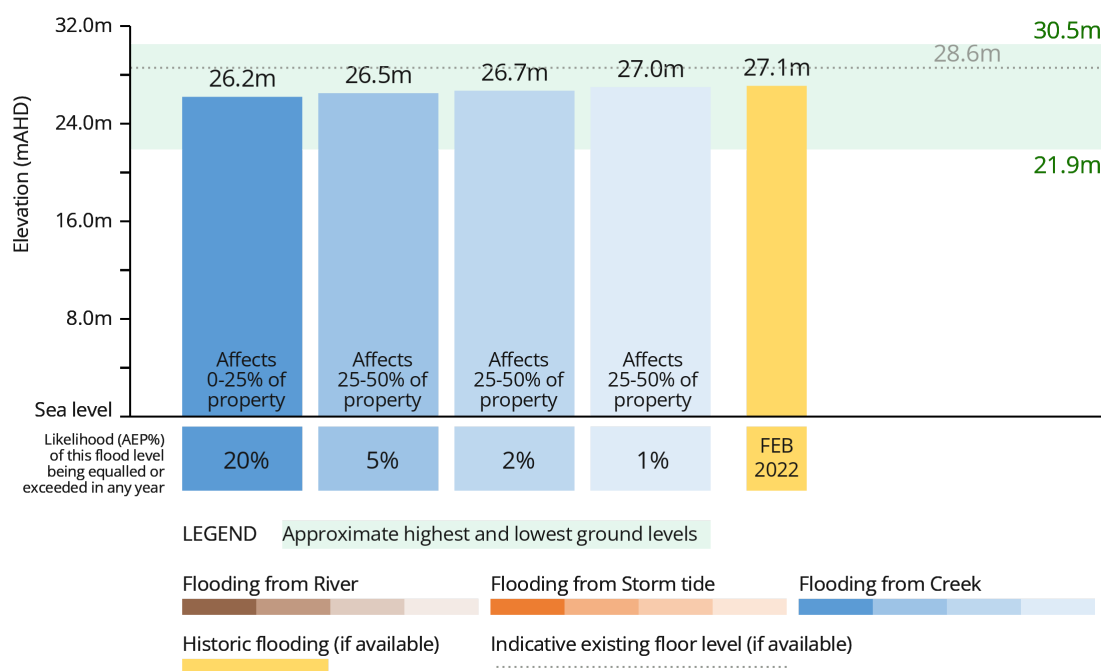
THE PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT IS FOR BUILDING AND DEVELOPMENT

Brisbane City Council's FloodWise Property Report provides technical flood planning information including estimated flood levels, habitable floor level requirements and more. This report uses the adopted flood planning information in Brisbane City Plan 2014, that guides how land in Brisbane is used and developed for the future. Find out more about [planning and building](#). To understand how to be resilient and prepare for floods, visit Council's [Be Prepared](#) webpage. Find more information about [how to read a FloodWise Property Report](#).

Graph showing only the highest source/type of flooding for 1%, 2%, 5% and 20% likelihoods. Also shows historic flood levels.

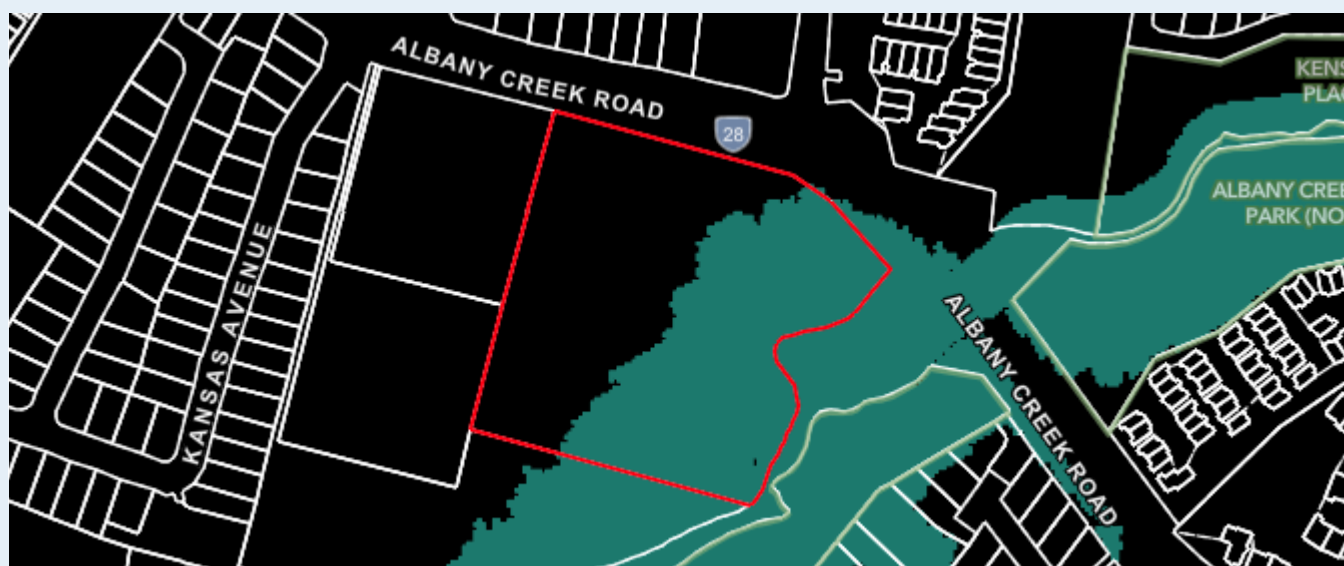
Other flood types and levels may be present and will be listed in the Flood Planning Information table below. This graph does not include overland flow flooding. If applicable, overland flow information is shown in the Planning and Development Information section below.

NOTE: See Useful Definitions section to explain terminology.



Combined 1% AEP for river, creek and storm tide flood extent (if applicable) from the adopted Brisbane City Plan 2014.

Read more about [Brisbane City Plan 2014](#).



Brisbane City Council | Includes material © The State of Queensland, all rights reserved, 2019. | © Brisbane City Council | Powered by Esri

Are you resilient and ready for flood?

- Sign up to the Brisbane Severe Weather Alert at brisbane.qld.gov.au/beprepared
- Visit bom.gov.au for the latest weather updates.
- Have an evacuation plan, emergency kit and important phone numbers ready.
- Observe where water flows from and to during heavy rain.
- Consider how flood-resilient building techniques will have you home faster and with less damage.

Life threatening emergencies
000 Police/fire/ambulance
(mobiles **000** and **112**)

State Emergency Service (SES) **132 500**
Energex **13 19 62**
Brisbane City Council **3403 8888**

Technical Summary

This section of the FloodWise Property Report contains more detailed flood information for this property so **surveyors, builders, certifiers, architects, and engineers can plan and build** in accordance with Council's planning scheme.

Find more information about [planning and building](#) in Brisbane or talk to a Development Services Planning Information Officer via Council's Contact Centre on (07) 3403 8888.

Property Information Summary

The following table provides a summary of flood information for this property. More detailed flood level information is provided in the following sections of this report.

Property Summary	Level (mAHD) / Comment	Data Quality Code
Minimum ground level	21.9	C
Maximum ground level	30.5	C
Indicative existing floor level	28.6	C
Source of highest flooding	Creek/Waterway	

Flood Planning Information

The table below displays the peak estimated flood levels by probability for this property. Estimated flood level data should be used in conjunction with applicable planning scheme requirements - Refer to Flood Planning and Development Information section below for further information.

Note this table does not include overland flow. If overland flow is applicable to this property, refer to the Flood Planning and Development section below for further information.

Likelihood / Description	Level (mAHD)	Source
20%	26.2	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
5%	26.5	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
2%	26.7	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
1%	27.0	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
0.2%	27.1	Creek/Waterway (Cabbage Tree Creek)
February 2022	27.1	River (Brisbane River and Creeks/Waterways)
Minimum Habitable Floor Level (dwelling house)	N/A*	

* Council may not have this data available. Customers are recommended to engage a Registered Professional Engineer of QLD (RPEQ) for further advice. For information on seeking Planning Advice, please visit www.brisbane.qld.gov.au/planning-and-building.

Flood Planning and Development Information

This section of the FloodWise Property Report contains information about Council's planning scheme overlays. Overlays identify areas within the planning scheme that reflect distinct themes that may include constrained land and/or areas sensitive to the effects of development.

Flood overlay code

The Flood overlay code of Council's planning scheme uses the following information to provide guidelines when developing properties. The table below summarises the flood planning areas (FPAs) that apply to this property. Development guidelines for the FPAs are explained in [Council's planning scheme](#).

Flood planning areas (FPA)		
River	Creek / waterway	Overland flow
	FPA1	Not Applicable
	FPA2	
	FPA3	
	FPA4	
	FPA5	

To find more information about Council's flood planning areas (FPAs) for Brisbane River and Creek/waterway flooding to guide future building and development in flood prone areas, please review [Council's Flood Planning Provisions](#).

Coastal hazard overlay code

The Coastal hazard overlay code of Council's planning scheme uses the following information to provide guidelines when conducting new developments. The table below summarises the coastal hazard categories that apply to this property. Development guidelines for the following Coastal hazard overlay sub-categories are explained in Council's [planning scheme](#).

Coastal hazard overlay sub-categories
There are currently no Coastal hazard overlay sub-categories that apply to this property.

Note: Where land is identified within one for more flood planning areas on the Flood overlay or is identified within one of the Storm tide inundation area sub-categories on the Coastal hazard overlay, the assessment criteria that provides the highest level of protection from any source of flooding applies.

Property development flags

Waterway corridor - This property may also be located within a mapped waterway corridor as identified in the Waterway corridors overlay map of Council's planning scheme. Please consider this in conjunction with Council's planning scheme requirements.

Large allotment - This property is either a Large Allotment of over 1000 square metres or is located within a Large Allotment. Flood levels may vary significantly across allotments of this size. Further investigations may be warranted in determining the variation in flood levels and the minimum habitable floor level across the site.

For more information or advice, please consult a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ).

Useful Flood Information Definitions

Australian Height Datum (AHD) - The reference level for defining ground levels in Australia. The level of 0.0m AHD is approximately mean sea level.

Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) - The probability of a flood event of a given size occurring in any one year, usually expressed as a percentage annual chance.

- **0.2% AEP** - A flood event of this size is considered rare but may still occur. A flood of size or larger has a 1 in 500 chance or a 0.2% probability of occurring in any year.
- **1% AEP** - A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 100 chance or a 1% probability of occurring in any year.
- **2% AEP** - A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 50 chance or a 2% probability of occurring in any year.
- **5% AEP** - A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 20 chance or a 5% probability of occurring in any year.
- **20% AEP** - A flood of this size or larger has a 1 in 5 chance or a 20% probability of occurring in any year.

Data quality

- **Data Quality Code A** - Level data based on recent surveyor report or approved as-constructed drawings.
- **Data Quality Code B** - Level data based on ground-based mobile survey or similar.
- **Data Quality Code C** - Level data derived from Airborne Laser Scanning or LiDAR information.

Defined Flood Level (DFL) - The DFL is used for commercial and industrial development. The Defined flood level (DFL) for Brisbane River flooding is a level of 3.7m AHD at the Brisbane City Gauge based on a flow of 6,800 m/s. DFL is only applicable for non-residential uses affected by Brisbane River flooding.

Flood planning area (FPA) - Council has developed five Flood planning areas (FPAs) as part of Brisbane City Plan 2014 Flood overlay mapping for Brisbane River, Creek/waterway flooding and Overland flow to guide future building and development in flood prone areas. Storm tide flooding is mapped separately. The FPAs are designed to recognise the flood hazard for different flooding types. Flood hazard is a combination of frequency of flooding, the flood depth, and the speed at which the water is travelling. [Find more information here.](#)

Maximum and minimum ground level - Highest and lowest ground levels on the property based on available ground level information. A Registered Surveyor can confirm exact ground levels.

Minimum habitable floor level (dwelling house) - The minimum level in metres AHD at which habitable areas of development (generally including bedrooms, living rooms, kitchen, study, family, and rumpus rooms) must be constructed as required by the Brisbane City Plan 2014.

Indicative existing floor level - The approximate level in metres AHD of the lowest habitable floor in the existing building (excluding apartments). The data is sourced from a range of sources with varying accuracy levels.

Property - A property will contain 1 or more lots. The multiple lot warning is shown if you have selected a property that contains multiple lots.

Residential flood level (RFL) - This flood level for the Brisbane River equates to the 1% annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood level.

To learn more, visit [Brisbane City Council's Flood Information Hub](#)

Brisbane City Council's Online Flood Tools

Council provides several online flood tools:

- to guide planning and development
- to help residents and businesses understand their flood risk and prepare for flooding.

Council's online flood tools for planning and development purposes include:

- **FloodWise Property Report**
- **Flood Overlay Code**

For more information on Council's planning scheme and online flood tools for planning and development:

- phone (07) 3403 8888 and ask to talk to a Development Services Planning Information Officer

- visit brisbane.qld.gov.au/planning-building

Council's Planning Scheme - The Brisbane City Plan 2014 (planning scheme) has been prepared in accordance with the Sustainable Planning Act as a framework for managing development in a way that advances the purpose of the Act. In seeking to achieve this purpose, the planning scheme sets out the Council's intention for future development in the planning scheme area, over the next 20 years.

Disclaimer

1. Defined flood levels and residential flood levels, minimum habitable floor levels and indicative existing floor levels are determined from the best available information to Council at the date of issue. These levels, for a particular property, may change if more detailed information becomes available or changes are made in the method of calculating levels.
2. Council makes no warranty or representation regarding the accuracy or completeness of a FloodWise Property Report. Council disdains any responsibility or liability in relation to the use or reliance by any person on a FloodWise Property Report.



Planning to build or renovate?

For information, guidelines, tools and resources to help you track, plan or apply for your development visit brisbane.qld.gov.au/planning-building

You can also find the Brisbane City Plan 2014 and Neighbourhood Plans as well as other information and training videos to help, with your building and development plans.



APPENDIX B FLOOD OVERLAY CODE RESPONSES



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Comments
Section C—If accepted development subject to compliance with identified requirements (acceptable outcomes only) for a park or assessable development other than for a dwelling house		
PO5 Development is located and designed to: a. minimise the risk to people from flood hazard on the site; b. minimise flood damage to the development and contents of buildings up to the defined flood event; c. provide suitable amenity; d. minimise disruption to residents, recovery time and the need to rebuild structures after a flood event up to and including the defined flood event.	AO5.1 Development complies with the flood planning levels specified in Table 8.2.11.3.D. Note—If located in an area with no Council-derived flood levels such as an overland flow path, a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland with expertise in undertaking flood studies is to derive the applicable flood level and certify that the development meets the required flood planning levels in Table 8.2.11.3.D. The study is to demonstrate that the development and engineering design methods conform to the principles within the Flood planning scheme policy and the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy. AO5.2 Development is: a. not located in the: i. Brisbane River flood planning area 1, 2a, or 2b sub-categories; ii. Creek/waterway flood planning area 1 or 2 sub-categories; iii. Overland flow flood planning area sub-category; or b. only located in these sub-categories if a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland with expertise in undertaking flood studies certifies that: i. the development design, siting and any mitigation measures will ensure the development is structurally adequate to resist hydrostatic, hydrodynamic and debris impact loads associated with flooding up to the defined flood event; and ii. the risk to people is managed to an	Complies. The DFE at the site 27.0mAHD Minimum freeboard for habitable rooms is 0.5m Therefore, the minimum development level is 27.5mAHD. The supplied development TIN has a minimum lot pad level of 28.3m AHD, which exceeds the minimum requirements Complies

[illegible]

	the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy. A07.2 Development retains existing overland flow paths and does not rely wholly on piped solutions to manage major flows.	Not applicable
	A07.3 Development which creates a new overland flow path or significantly modifies an existing overland flow path via earthworks does not materially worsen hydraulic hazard on the site from existing conditions. Note—Compliance with this acceptable solution can be demonstrated by the submission of a flood study by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland with expertise in undertaking flood studies demonstrating that the development and engineering design methods conform to the principles within the Flood planning scheme policy and the Infrastructure design planning scheme policy.	Not applicable
PO8 Development for filling or excavation in an area affected by creek/waterway flooding does not directly, indirectly or cumulatively cause any material increase in flooding or hydraulic hazard or involve significant redistribution of flood storage from high to lower areas in the floodplain. Note—This can be demonstrated by undertaking earthworks in compliance with the Compensatory earthworks planning scheme policy. Note—This part of the code applies to all development other than a dwelling house and any secondary dwelling which involves filling or excavation, whether or not the development application comprises a separate development application for operational work involving filling or excavation.	A08 Development ensures that no filling or excavation greater than 100mm is located in the Creek/waterway flood planning area 1, 2 or 3 sub-categories if contained in the 5% AEP flood extent of any Creek/waterway flood planning area sub-category for which no waterway corridor has been mapped in the Waterway corridors overlay.	Complies – filling restricted to creek/waterway FPA 4 and 5
PO9 Development ensures that the building and site design: a. maintains the conveyance capacity of existing overland flow paths and creek/waterways; b. ensures floodwaters and flood debris can pass predominantly unimpeded under a structure or building to minimise property or building damage,	A09.1 Development involving a building undercroft in the Creek/waterway flood planning area sub-categories or the Overland flow flood planning area sub-category: a. complies with the minimum building undercroft clearance requirements in Table 8.2.11.3.E; b. not located directly above any part of a waterway	Not applicable

including for a flood larger than the defined flood event; c. mitigates flood impacts by ensuring that filling, excavation and location of services are designed to allow for the conveyance of floodwater across the site. Note—The Flood planning scheme policy provides guidance on relevant considerations in determining minimum undercroft clearances and treatment of ground level in undercroft areas where floodwater conveyance is required underneath development.	corridor as mapped in the Waterway corridors overlay. AO9.2 Development involving a building undercroft in the Creek/waterway flood planning area sub-categories or the Overland flow flood planning area sub category: a. has a ground level within the undercroft area that is free draining; b. does not involve excavation below ground level of more than 300mm within the undercroft area.	Not applicable
PO10 Development for vulnerable uses, difficult to evacuate uses or assembly uses optimises vehicular access and efficient evacuation from the development to parts of the road network unaffected by flood hazard, in order to: a. protect safety of users and emergency services personnel; b. support efficient emergency services access and site evacuation with consideration to the scale of development. Note—A flood risk assessment may be required to address the performance outcomes or acceptable solutions which deal with evacuation and isolation arrangements, and the ability to take refuge. The Flood planning scheme policy provides information for undertaking flood risk assessments.	AO10 Development for vulnerable uses, difficult to evacuate uses or assembly uses: a. is not isolated in any event up to the relevant flood planning level specified in Table 8.2.11.3.L and Table 8.2.11.3.D; or b. has direct vehicle access to a critical route or interim critical route in the Critical infrastructure and movement network overlay for evacuation in a flood; or c. can achieve vehicular evacuation to a suitable flood-free location. Note—A suitable flood-free location is of a size and nature sufficient to provide for the size and characteristics of the population likely to need evacuation to that area.	Not applicable
PO11 Development has access which, having regard to hydraulic hazard, provides for safe vehicular and pedestrian movement and emergency services access to adjoining roads.	AO11.1 Development provides an access or driveway into the site which is: a. trafficable during the defined flood event; b. not located in the Creek/waterway flood planning area 1 sub-category; c. not located in the Overland flow flood planning area sub-category if the hydraulic hazard is unsafe in the defined flood event;	Complies

	d. the access or driveway is not inundated by a 10% AEP flood. AO11.2 Development located in the Creek/waterway flood planning area 1, 2, 3 or 4 sub-categories locates any disabled access in the highest part of the site. Note—explanation of hydraulic hazard provided in the Flood planning scheme policy.	Complies
PO12 Development involving a new road, a bridge or culvert is designed to minimise impacts to flood behaviour, minimise disruption to traffic during a flood and allow for emergency access.	AO12 Development involving a new road complies with the flood planning levels in Table 8.2.11.3.F.	Complies
PO13 Development for pedestrian and cyclist paths: a. provides a suitable level of trafficability; b. manages the impacts of flooding on asset life and ongoing maintenance costs; c. balances route availability with recreational and transport connectivity benefits to the city.	AO13.1 Development for cyclist and pedestrian facilities other than on public roads, including those traversing through a park and adjacent to a watercourse and overland flow path, are located above the 39% AEP (2 year ARI) flood immunity from all flooding sources. Note—If the site is subject to more than one type of flooding, the requirement that affords the greatest level of protection will apply. AO13.2 All new on-road cyclist and pedestrian facilities comply with the flood planning levels and trafficability standards for the applicable category of road in Table 8.2.11.3.F or Table 8.2.11.3.K.	Not Applicable
PO14 Development which increases the residential population within the Brisbane River flood planning area sub-categories minimises the risk to people in all flood events with consideration to flood hazard, including warning time.	AO14 Development in the Brisbane River flood planning area sub-categories in areas where the 1% AEP flood level is greater than 12.8m AHD involving: a. an increase in the number of residential dwellings; or b. additional residential lots	Not Applicable

	is not subject to an unsafe hydraulic hazard in the 0.2% AEP flood event. Note—Explanation of a hydraulic hazard is provided in the Flood planning scheme policy.	
Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for essential community infrastructure		
PO15 Development involving essential community infrastructure: a. remains functional to serve community need during and immediately after a flood event, or is part of a network that is able to maintain the function of the essential community infrastructure when parts of the development are unable to function during or after a flood; b. is designed, sited and operated to avoid adverse impacts on the community or the environment due to the impacts of flooding on infrastructure, facilities or access and egress routes; c. is able to remain functional or is part of a network which is able to remain functional even when other infrastructure or services (such as electricity supply) may be compromised in a flood event; d. contains mitigation measures which are not entirely dependent on human activation to respond to a flood event. Note—Protection of function is required up to and including the flood event in Table 8.2.11.3.G.	AO15 Development involving essential community infrastructure: a. is ancillary to and not relied upon for the provision of the essential service during a flood; or b. is located above the flood planning levels in Table 8.2.11.3.G; c. has access to or provides the necessary back-up emergency electricity and communications supply in times of flood; d. is designed and constructed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces as a result of inundation by the flood event listed for the development type in Table 8.2.11.3.G; e. that services a local area: i. is able to be accessed in times of flood to service local community needs up to the event listed for that development type in Table 8.2.11.3.G; or ii. has a service continuity plan that demonstrates the continued provision of service during the relevant flood event.	Not Applicable
Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes if development involves the processes in Table 8.2.11.3.H		
PO16 Development involving the storage and handling of hazardous materials avoids or minimises risks to public	AO16 a. Development does not include the storage or handling of hazardous chemicals that exceed the	Not Applicable

health and safety and the environment, by: - protecting underground tanks for hazardous materials against the forces of buoyancy, velocity flow and debris impacts; - securing above-ground tanks for hazardous materials against flotation and lateral movement; - preventing damage to hazardous materials pipework or entry of floodwater into hazardous materials pipework; - preventing damage to or off-site release of packages, drums or containers storing hazardous materials. Note—A chemical hazards flood risk report prepared in accordance with the Management of hazardous chemicals in flood affected areas planning scheme policy can assist in demonstrating achievement of this performance outcome. Note—A pump drainage system is not an acceptable measure to meet the performance outcome.	hazardous chemicals flood hazard threshold quantities in Table 8.2.11.3.M. - Development involving the processes listed in Table 8.2.11.3.H: - where located in the Flood overlay area, occurs only in the Creek/waterway flood planning area 5 sub-category or the Brisbane River flood planning area 5 sub-category; or - is consistent with the standards contained in the Management of hazardous chemicals in flood affected areas planning scheme policy and can operate without risk of environmental harm during a flood event. Note—The Management of hazardous chemicals in flood affected areas planning scheme policy sets out further information and processes including risk assessment for the management of hazardous chemicals in flood planning areas.	
Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for reconfiguring a lot		
PO17 Development locates and designs all lots resulting from reconfiguring a lot to: - minimise the risk to people from flood hazard; - minimise damage to property from flood hazard; - facilitate safe and efficient evacuation. Note— - Consideration of all floods up to the probable maximum flood is relevant to minimising the risk to people. - Flood warning time is not considered sufficient in the Creek/waterway planning area sub-categories or the Overland flow flood planning area sub-category. - Filling above the flood planning level for a flood event greater than the defined flood event cannot be assumed to mitigate the flood hazard.	AO17.1 Development creating new lots is identified in Table 8.2.11.3.I as suitable within the relevant flood planning area. AO17.2 Development provides for reconfiguring a lot design that achieves a road and lot layout which: - provides trafficable vehicular egress for evacuation during a defined flood event; - optimises hazard-free movement away from sources of flood hazard within the development. Note—Further advice on road and lot layout is contained in the Flood planning scheme policy. AO17.3	Complies Complies

	Development which creates a new residential lot in an area subject to Brisbane River flooding, if the 1% AEP flood level is greater than 12.8m AHD is not subject to a hydraulic hazard greater than 0.6m²/s DV or 0.6m deep in a 0.2% AEP flood. Note—Refer to the Flood planning scheme policy for further explanation on the 0.2% AEP flood.	Not applicable
PO18 Development involving reconfiguring a lot: a. minimises the risk to people from flood hazard; b. creates safe evacuation routes or avoids isolation of the development during a flood greater than the defined flood event; c. minimises damage to property and services; d. provides lots and roads that are not frequently flooded or subject to nuisance ponding or seepage; e. ensures lots created for park or private open space minimise the risk to people from flood hazard and are fit for purpose; f. provides a lot that is not substantially burdened by flood mitigation infrastructure.	AO18.1 Development involving reconfiguring a lot ensures: a. all lots comply with the flood planning levels in Table 8.2.11.3.J; b. a new road complies with the flood planning levels in Table 8.2.11.3.F.	Complies. Refer response to AO5.1
	AO18.2 Development involving reconfiguring a lot creating more than 6 residential lots or a lot for industry ensures the flood planning levels of a dedicated road fronting the development or providing primary access within 200m of the development: a. complies with Table 8.2.11.3.K; or b. has acceptable trafficability in accordance with the requirements in the Flood planning scheme policy and the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual. Note—The Flood planning scheme policy contains supporting information about trafficability on existing roads and serviceability during floods.	Complies
	AO18.3 Development protects the conveyance of flood hazard area by providing an easement over the: a. 2% AEP flood extent for overland flow flooding; b. 1% AEP flood extent for creek/waterway flooding.	Able to comply – easement extents defined by others

Melbourne

15 Business Park Drive
Notting Hill VIC 3168

Brisbane

Level 5, 43 Peel Street
South Brisbane QLD 4101

Sydney

Suite 3, Level 1, 20 Wentworth Street
Parramatta NSW 2150

Adelaide

2/39-40 Greenhill Road
Wayville SA 5034

New Zealand

4 Williamson Avenue
Ponsonby New Zealand 1021

Geelong

1/5 Bridge Street
Newtown VIC 3220

Gold Coast

Suite 37, Level 4, 194 Varsity Parade
Varsity Lakes QLD 4227

Sunshine Coast

4C 'Regatta Corporate', 2 Innovation Parkway
Birtinya QLD 4575

Melbourne – CBD

Suite 904, Carlow House, 289 Flinders Lane
Melbourne VIC 3000

Brisbane – Camp Hill

2a/4 Newman Avenue
Camp Hill QLD 4152

Ballina

Unit 1b/1 Hogan Street
Ballina NSW 2478

Perth

Level 1, 21 Adelaide Street
Fremantle WA 6160

Wangaratta

First Floor, 40 Rowan Street
Wangaratta VIC 3677

Wimmera

597 Joel South Road
Stawell VIC 3380

Darwin

Unit 40/29 Woods Street
Darwin City NT 0800

1300 198 413



watertech.com.au

